



Land Management through Establishment of Land Information System

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1. The Cadastral System in KOREA

Current Situation

- Parcels: 37 millions
- Cadastral map: 748,000 sheets
- Type of Land use
 - Forest (65%), agricultural (21%)
 - Residential & commercial (3%)
 - Road & rail (3%), Other (8%)

Roles in society

- Guarantee of property rights
- Key of spatial data infrastructure
- Support of a secure land market



1. The Cadastral System in KOREA (Milestone)



Establishment Stage (1910 ~)

- Cadastral Book and Cadastral Map establishment to Land survey project(1910~1917), Forest survey project(1912~1918)



Settlement Stage (1950 ~)

- Legislation of Cadastral Act
 - Fiscal cadastre(All land parcels are registered)



Digitalizing Stage (1992 ~)

- Cadastral book digitization(1992)
Cadastral map digitization(2005) / On-line network

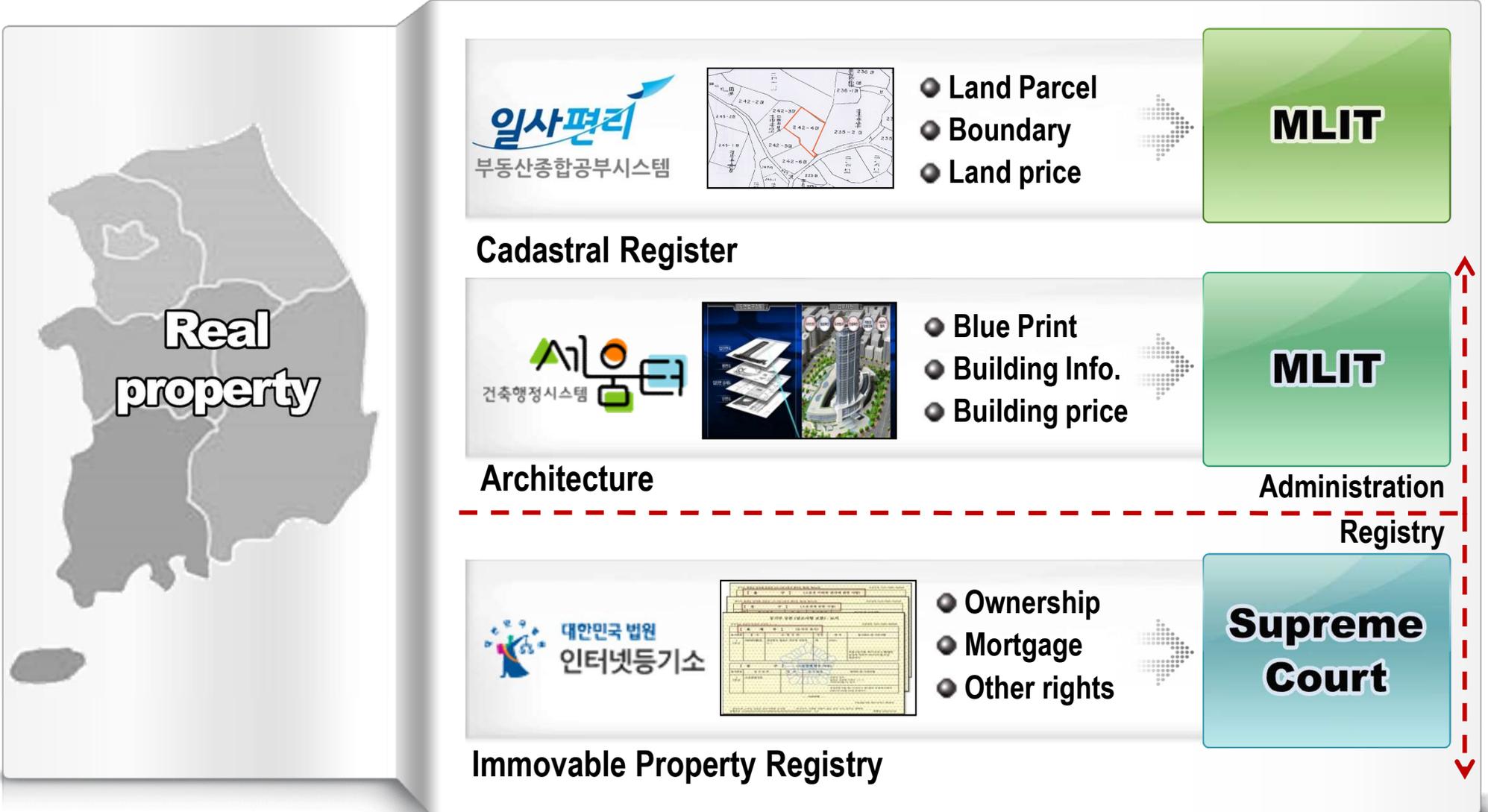


Development Stage (2011 ~)

- Establishment of Special Law on Cadastral Resurvey (Sep. 2011)
18 Real property Information Unification Project(2011~)

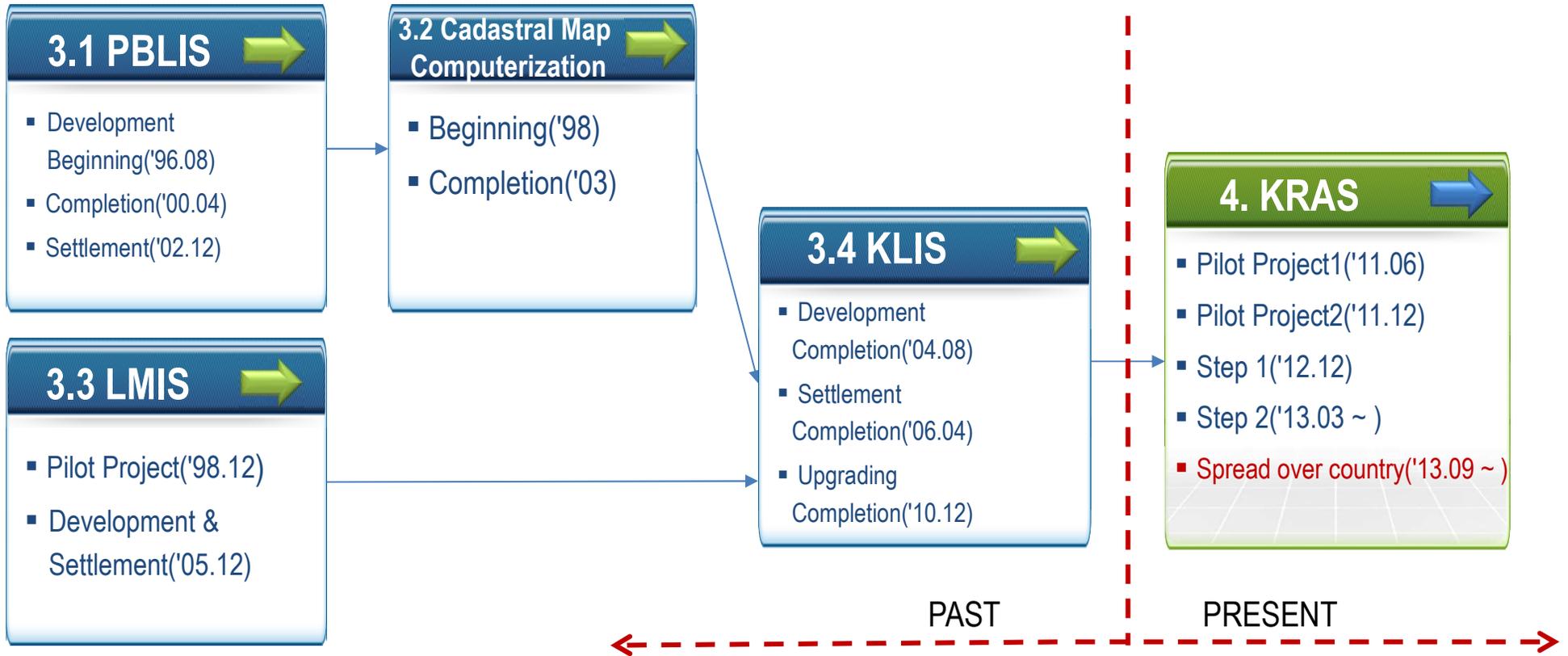


2. Management of Real property Information



MLIT : Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport

3. Development phase of Real property Information



- PBLIS(Parcel Based Land Information Systems)
- LMIS(Land Management Information Systems)
- KLIS(Korea Land Information Systems)
- KRAS(Korea Real Estate Administration Intelligence System)

3.1. Parcel Based Land Information System(PBLIS)



Objective

- To support land administration linked to cadastral map & land register in order for management of cadastral records, surveying computation, documentation of surveying results

Summary

- (Duration) Aug. 1996 ~ Dec. 2002(about 5yrs)
- (Budget) U\$1.1million

Involved Bodies

MOSPA	Provincial Gov.	LX	Ssangyong
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Overall consultingProviding public cadastral data	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Checking user's requirementsFunction inspection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">User's requirementsDirecting system developmentSystem development & Technical instruction	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Application program developmentDistribution & TrainingLinking to other cadastral system

3.2 Computerizing Cadastral Map



Objective

- Concluded in Jul, 1998 to computerize entire cadastral maps (about 740,000 sheets)

Summary

- (Duration) 1999 ~ 2003 (about 5yrs)
- (Process) Scanning & Digitizing (STEP 1) ⇒ Correction & DB Set-up (STEP 2)

Involved Bodies

MOSPA	Provincial Gov.	Local Gov.	LX
<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Overall leading	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Organizing district works▪ Detail plans	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Supervising work implementation▪ Collecting data & DB Set-Up	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Conducting works▪ Collecting data & DB Set-Up

3.3 LMIS



Objective

- To improve land administration process based on integrated data of topographic, cadastral, and landuse information

Summary

- (Duration) Dec. 1998 ~ Dec. 2005(about 8yrs)
- (Budget) about U\$100 million

Involved Bodies

MOLIT
<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Overall leading

Project Offices
<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Organization : KCSC, LH, Association of GIS Professionals▪ Planning, Project management, information analysis & service, system management, research

SK, Samsung
<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Analysis/Design/Realization /Test▪ Distribution/Training

3.4 KLIS



Objective

- To integrate into one system(LMIS & PBLIS -> KLIS)

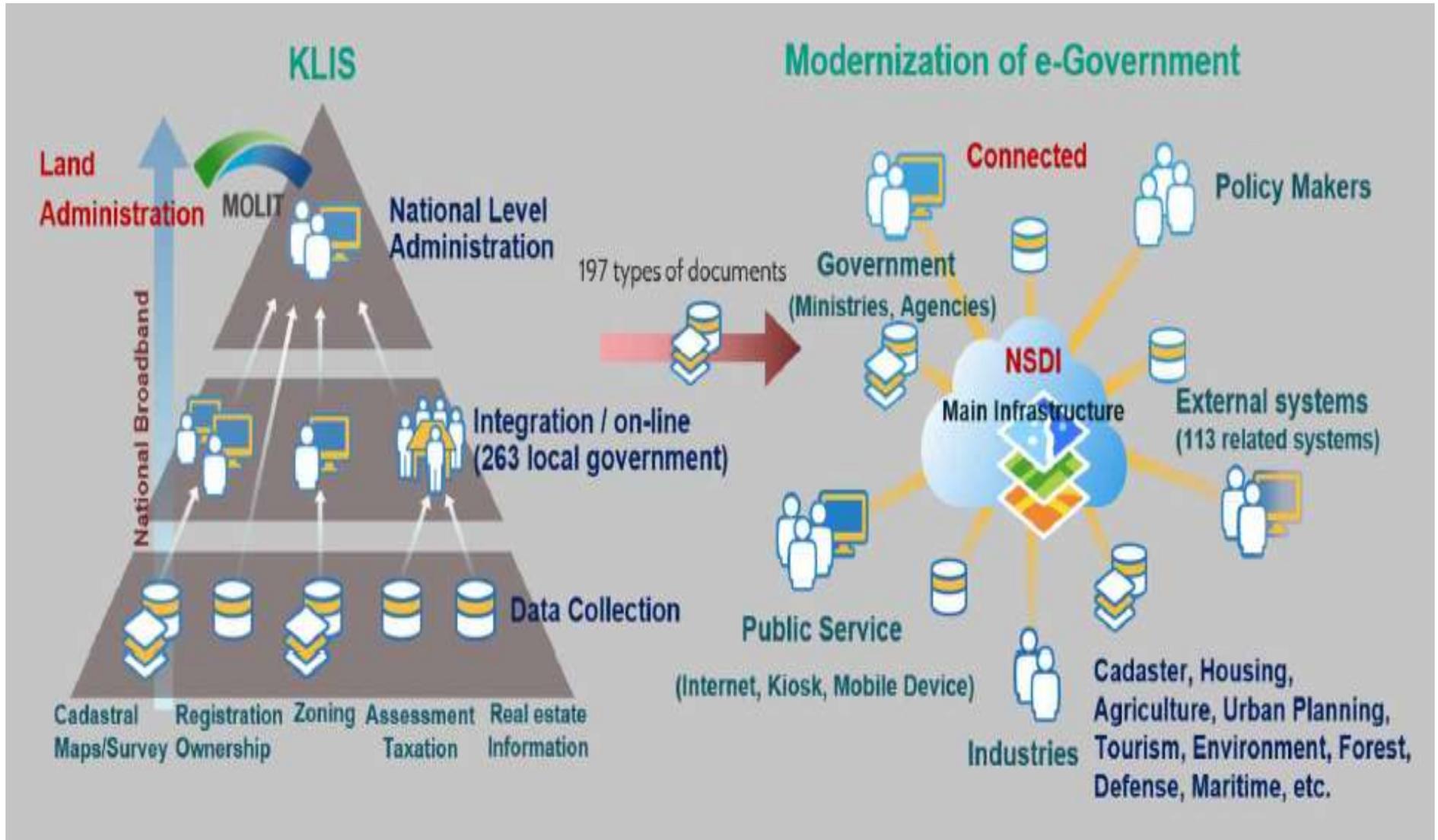
Summary

- (Duration) Jun 2003 ~ Aug 2004 (about 14 months)
- (Budget) U\$3 million

Involved Bodies

MOLIT	Local Gov.	KHRIS	LX, LH	Project Offices
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Suggesting KLIS VISION	<ul style="list-style-type: none">System managementDB MaintenanceData inspection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">ConsultingResearch on master-plan & regulationsDefining standards & modeling	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Advising project implementationDetail planProject managementQuality inspection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Analysis/Design/Realization/TestDistributionOperating Call-Center

3.4 KLIS



4. Real Property Unification Register System



■ Background of the System

- Increasing interest in real property related information
- Managing cadastre, architecture and registration information separately
- Errors with each register and non-coincident errors with other registers

⇒ **Difficulties with spatial data integration**

■ Purpose of the System

- To correct real property data errors
- To establish a real property integration system

4. Real Property Unification Register System(To-Be)

AS-IS 2 ministries, 4 systems, 18 registers

1975



Cadastral administrative system

- Cadastre · Forest · Building site
- Boundary coordinates · Joint ownership

5종 types

1990



Real property registry system

- Land register · Building register
- Collective building register

3종 types

1996



KLIS

- Cadastral map · Forest map
- Land use planning certificate
- Individual public land & house price
- Collective public land price

6종 types

1997



Architecture administrative system

- Building register(Individual)
- Building register(Collective)

4종 types

TO-BE Integrated property register & Tailor made

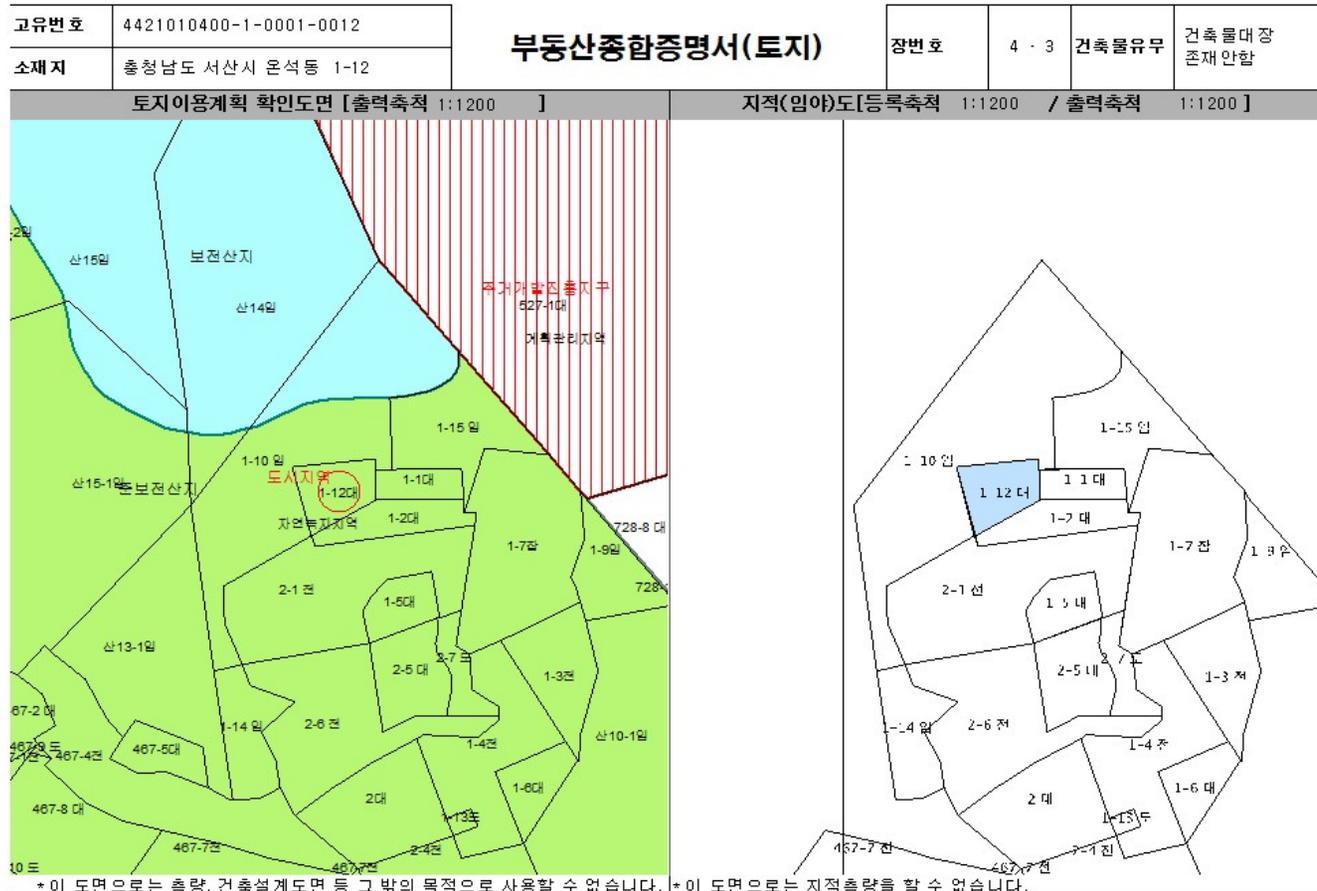
고유번호	4143010100-1-0084-0000			부동산종합증명서(토지, 건물)		건축물명칭	경면번호	6-1
소재지	경기도 의왕시 고천동 84					동명칭	대장유형	일반
토지 표시 (관련필지가 다수일 경우 별도 발급)								
구분	법정동	지번	지역	면적 (㎡)	개발공시지가	대지면적 (㎡)	건물 표시 (* 표시사항이 출몰일 경우 함께 표시)	
대표	고천동	84	(02)답	556	2011.01.01	1,560,000	· 건축면적 (㎡)	553
							· 건축면적 (㎡)	324.52
							· 면적 (㎡)	726.17
							· 건물용 (%)	58.68
							· 용적률 (%)	높이
							· 건축물 수	층수(지상/지하)
							· 주차장대수	· 부속건축물(㎡/㎡)
							· 허가일	1986.09.02
							· 착공일	1987.03.13
							· 사용승인일	1987.10.29
							· 가격	주석 기준실가
								가격



<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 토지기본정보	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 도면정보 Plan info.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 건물기본	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 토지, 건물소유 Ownership of land, building
<input type="checkbox"/> 건물층별	<input type="checkbox"/> 공유지 Common land
<input type="checkbox"/> 건물인허가	<input type="checkbox"/> 소유이력 History of owner
<input type="checkbox"/> 건물호별	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 토지이용 Land use
<input type="checkbox"/> 토지이력	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 공시지가 Appraised value of land
<input type="checkbox"/> 건물이력	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 주택가격 Housing price

Basic land info.
 Basic building info.
 Building floors info.
 Permission of the building
 History of the land
 History of the building

4. Real Property Unification Register System(To-Be)

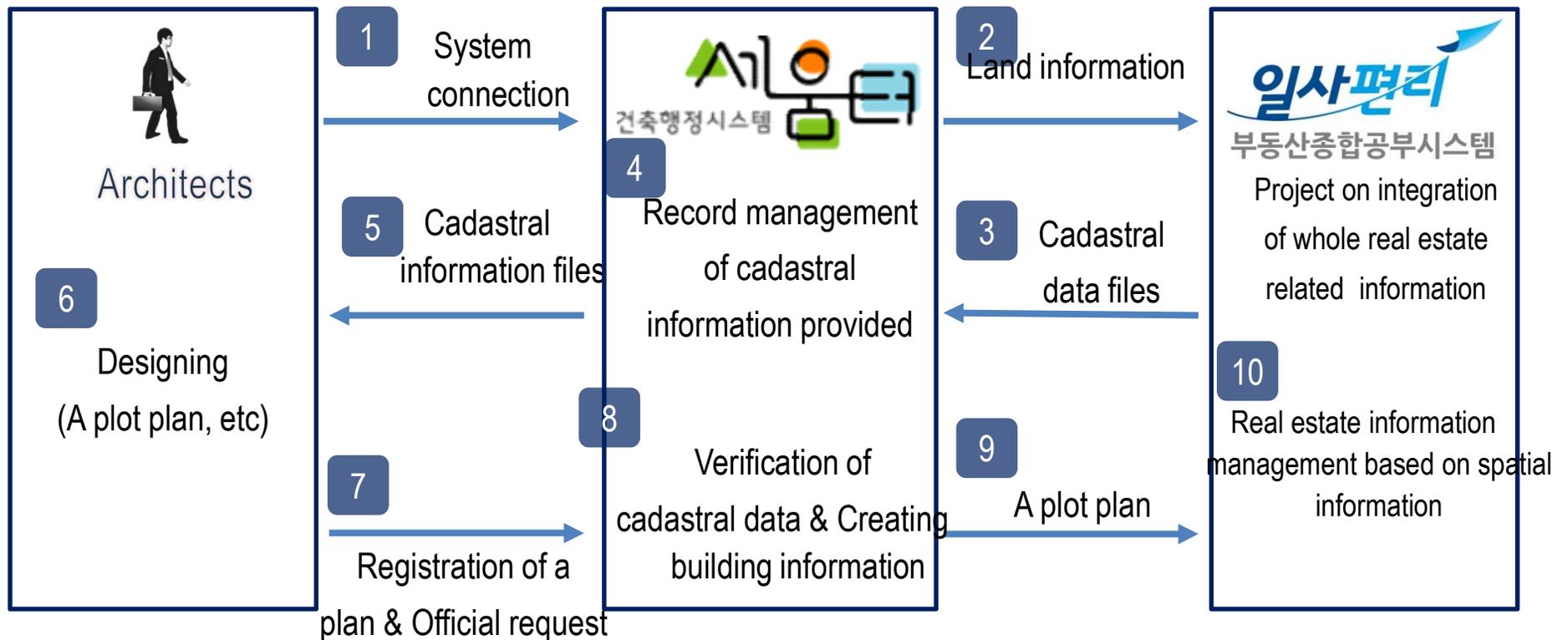


4. Real Property Unification Register System(Reengineering)

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Based on Cadastral Information, Architecture Designing!

Then, to be real-time updating condition "Cadastral + Building information"



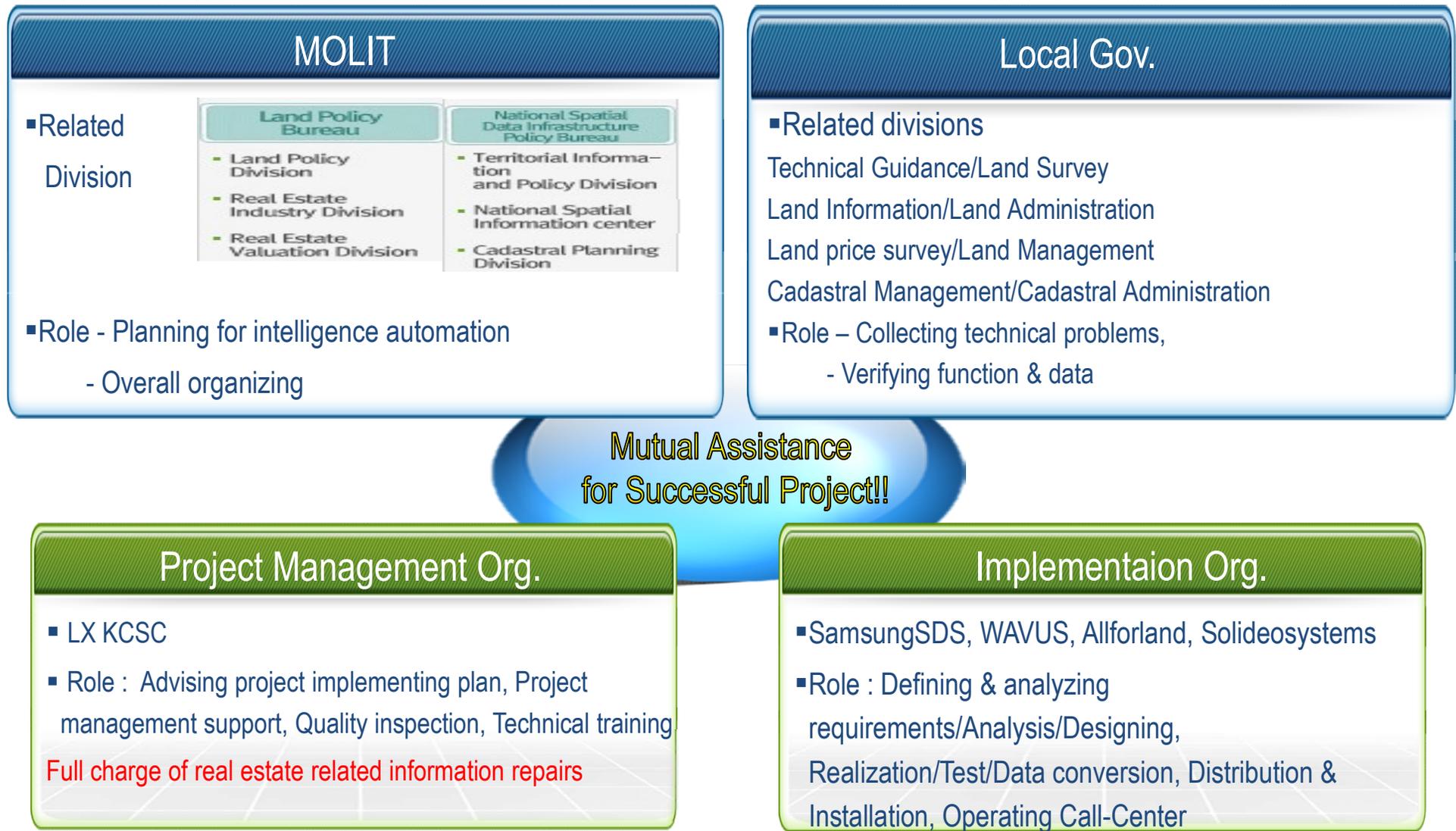
4. Real Property Unification Register System(Roadmap)

Enhancing confidence in the real property administration & protecting public's property rights



2011	2012 - 2013	2014 -2017	2018 ~ 2019
<p>Gaining the Sympathy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 11 types information Pilot Operation <p>Cadastral (7) + Architecture (4)</p>	<p>Sympathy Diffusion & Inducing Participant</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 11 types information Whole Country 	<p>Stable Settlement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 15 types information Whole Country ('14) 18 types information Whole Country ('16) 	<p>Activating Business</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Encrypt personal information KRAS pilot project based on block chain

4. Real Property Unification Register System(Organization)



6. KRAS pilot project based on block chain

* KRAS (Korea Real estate Administration intelligence System)

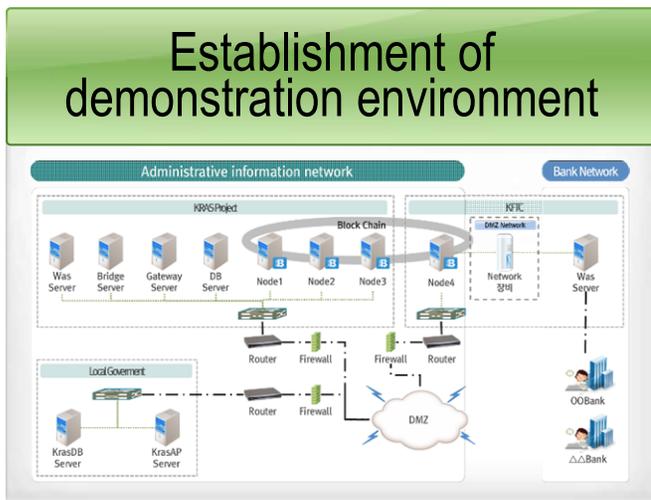
Objective

- Examination of applicability of block chain technology to KRAS

Summary

- (Target organization for pilot service) KFTC(Korea Financial Telecommunications & Clearings Institute), Jeju, Seogwiposi
- (Type of pilot service) Land register, Site right register, Publicly owned land register

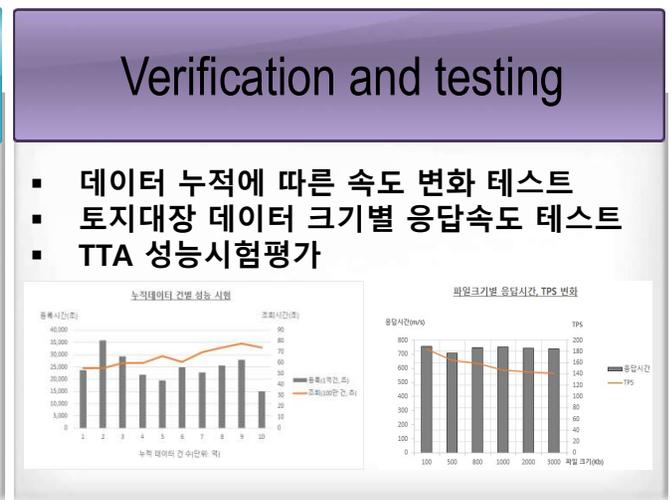
Method



Development of pilot system

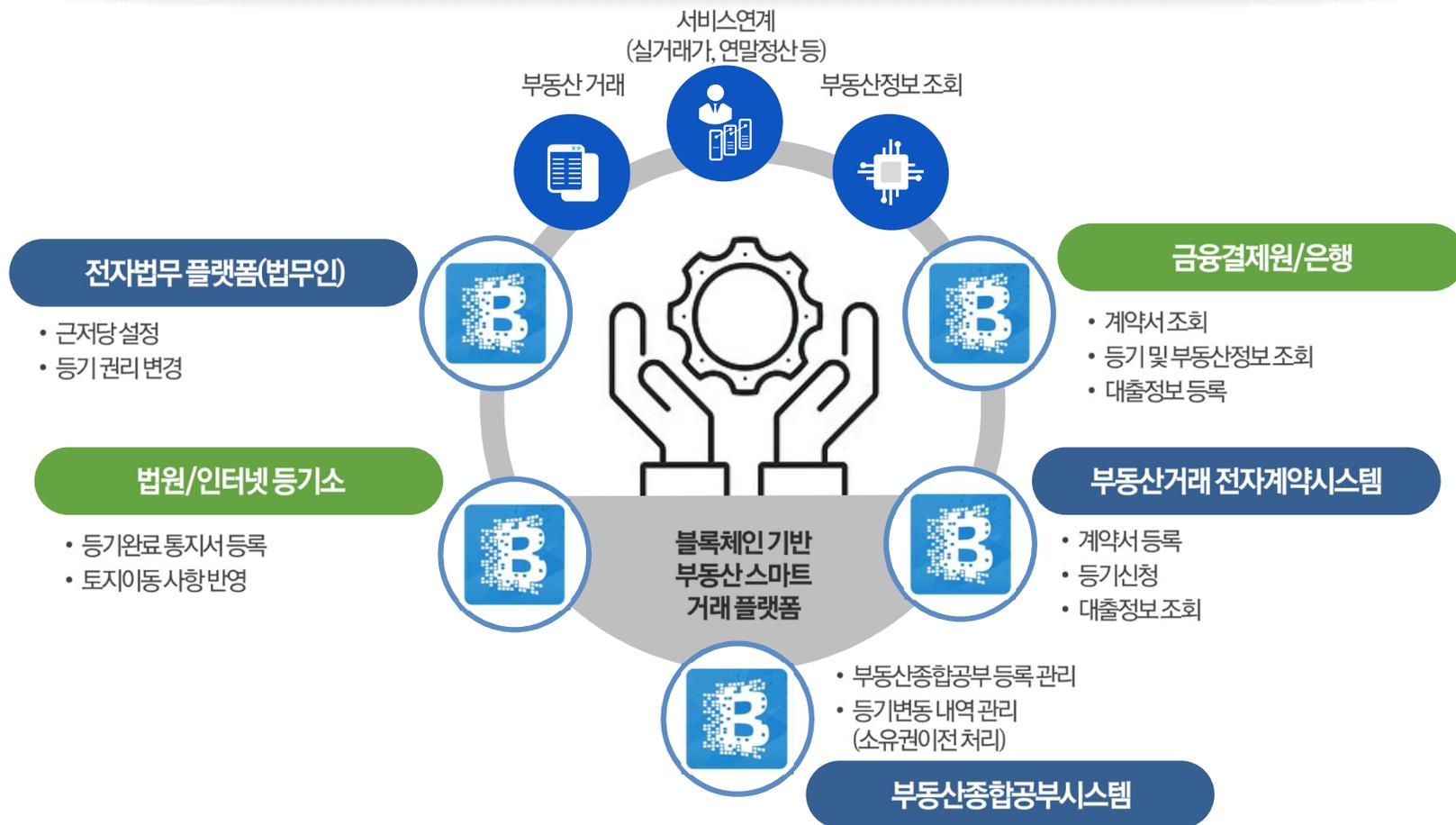
- 블록체인 내 부동산종합공부 저장
- 개인정보 암호·복호화
- PNU 기반 검색
- 노드현황 조회

The screenshot shows a web application interface with a search bar, a list of results, and a detailed view of a specific record. The interface is in Korean and appears to be a management tool for the pilot system.



6. Construction of KRAS based on block chain

Real estate one-stop trading system based on smart contract that supports complicated and troublesome tasks such as real estate transactions, bank loans, transfer of registered ownership, declaration of real transactions, proof of income



6. Construction of KRAS based on block chain

■ Expect Effect

- Reduced commission from paper reduction : 17billion ~ 65billion won
- If you build a link chain-based linkage system, your time and manpower will be shorter than building it with an existing system
 - ⇒ Reduced time: 3 months -> 1 month
 - ⇒ Reduced labor cost: about 4,692 hours / 695.6 billion won

■ Utilization Plan

Promotion of national convenience

- Minimize complicated and troublesome tasks such as lending, change of registration, notification of actual transactions, year-end settlement
- Providing services through system linkage based on block chaining without providing separate supporting documents

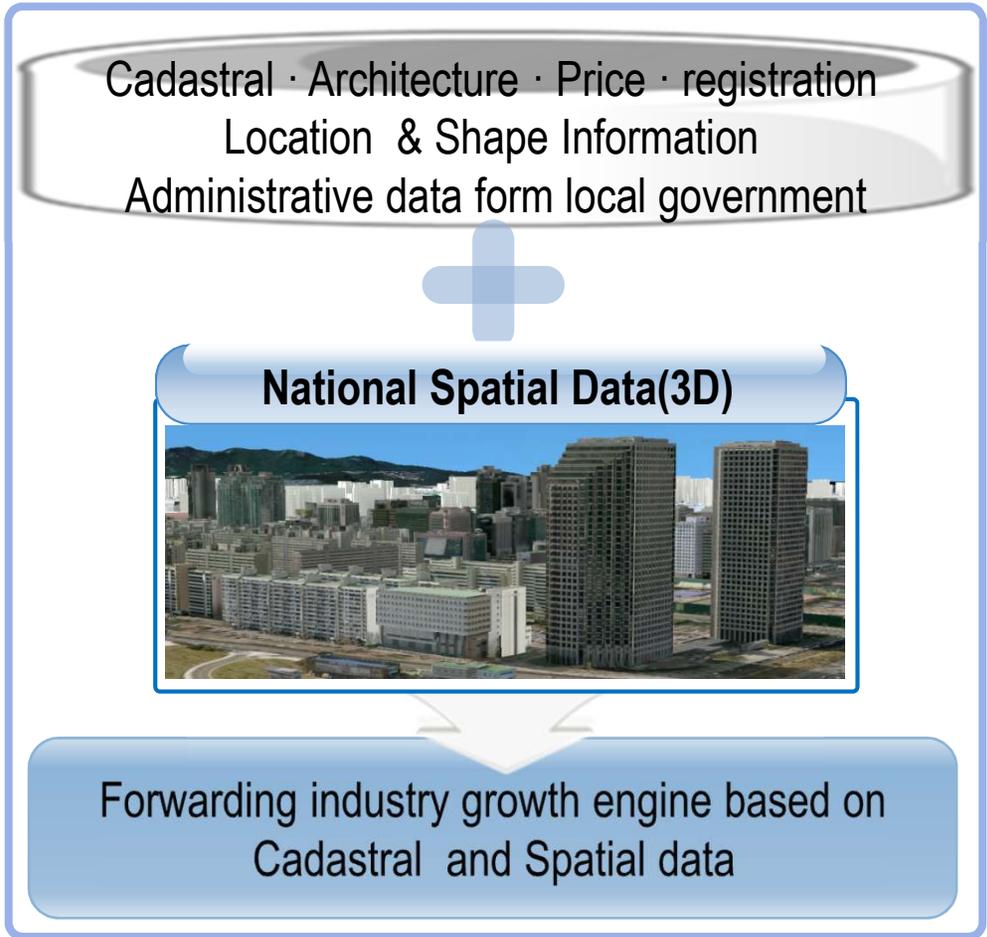
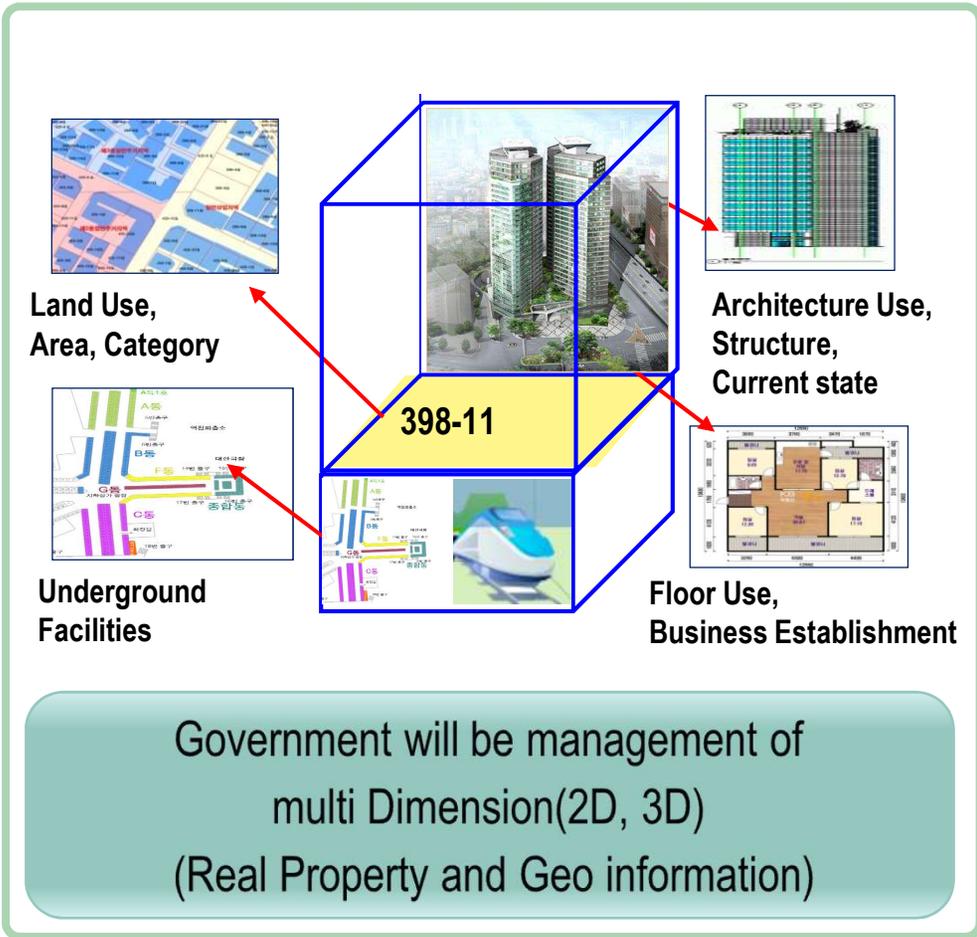
Establishing reasonable policy

- Tracking real estate-related crime, including illegal inheritance, bestowal, and tax evasion
- Ability to analyze convenience and unusual transaction patterns by electronically documenting real estate transaction information

3. Real Property Information Reform Project(Strategy)

Government will be management of multi Dimension(2D, 3D) (Real Property and Geo information)

forwarding industry growth engine based on Cadastral and Spatial data.



4. Real Property Unification Register System(Practical use)

Application Service
(Public, Private Sectors)



Application Distribution



Creating Integrated Real Estate Information

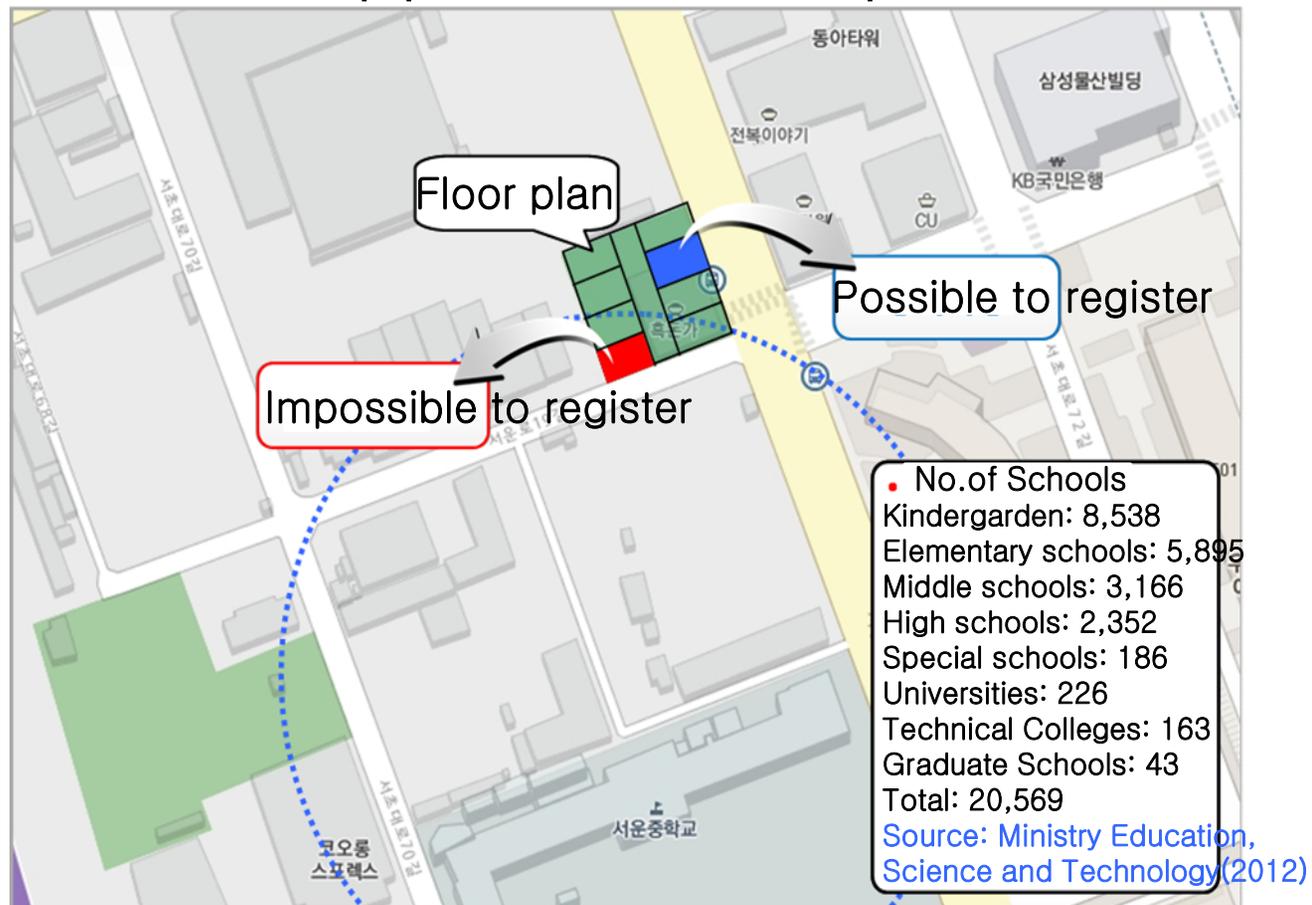


5. Use case of Real Property Unification Information(1)

Administrative Process Innovation!

As-is : Examining map sheets and field(parcel)

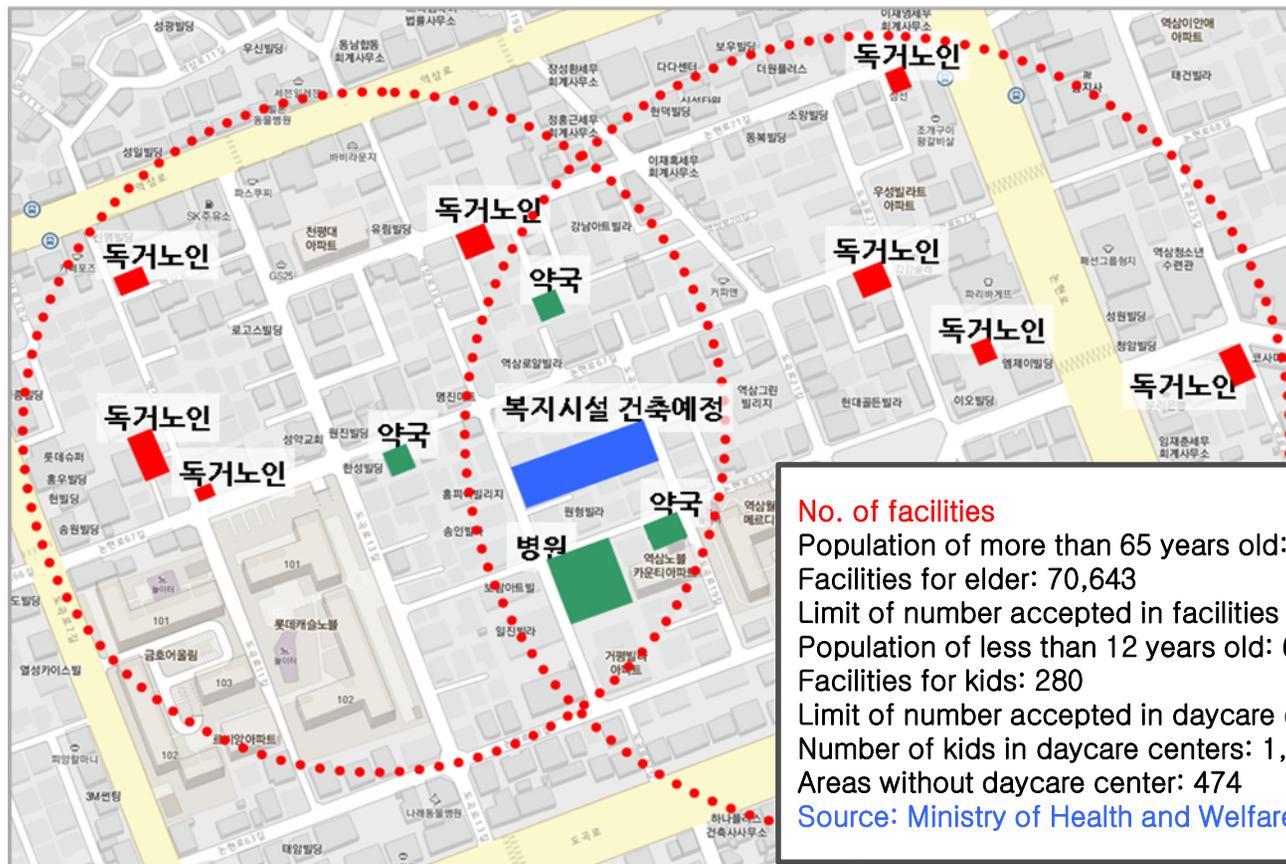
To-be : One-Stop process based on spatial information



5. Use case of Real Property Unification Information(2)

Increasing welfare facilities!

By Spatial analysis of residence's features (assets, age, family numbers)



5. Use case of Real Property Unification Information(3)

25

Taxation equality and Corruption Elimination.

HOW ? Can compare tax imposition rate with adjacent parcels
by analysis of geographic conditions!



Gross Real Estate Tax
Target for charge: 39
Less than 600million won:10
Less than 1.2billion won:10
Less than 5.0billion won:12
Less than 9.4billion won: 2
More than 9.4billion won:1
A house for a family of more than
60 years old: 4
Amount of levy: 1232800thousand won
Account due: 98,624thousand won
Tax collection rate:92%

Thank you.
감사합니다.

