











### **EXAMPLES FROM NORWAY**

Value for society -participation - infrastructure

eGovernment - eNorway 2009

NSDI - Norway Digital and geoportals

My Page

Municipal Initiatives and examples

Spatial Planning, Risk and Environment management

- value for Society



## eNorway 2009

Making everyday life more easy for the citizens
Knowledge society with participation from all
Contribute to value adding services
The needs of the citizens and the industry as driving force
Cross sector initiatives

#### Focusing

- -The citizens in the Norwegian digital environment
- -Innovation and growth in the private industry
- -A co-ordinated and user approached public sector

– value for Society



### eNorway 2009

#### By 2007

- -All Geodata authorities shall be part of Norway Digital
- -Management standards for data and document exchange
- -eServices for everyone, also those that do not have internet access
- 80% of public websites following Norway.no quality criteria
- Receive public communication and documents electronic
- -PSI directive adapted

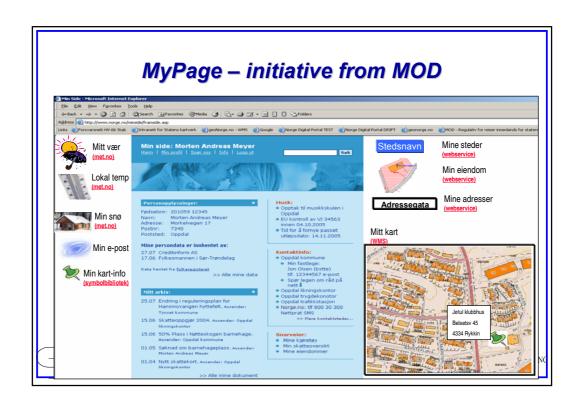
#### By 2008 and 2009

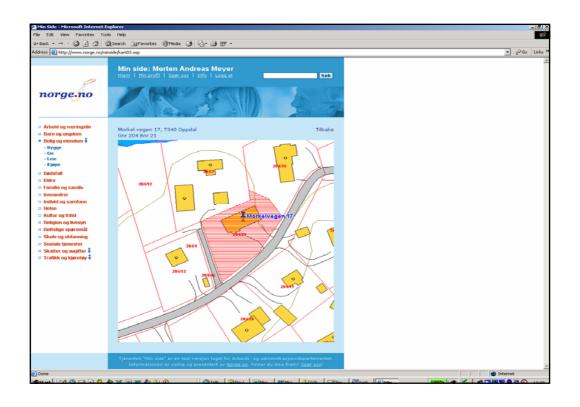
- Reuse of public data shall be based on the free of charge principle
- Interactive public services shall be available through the citizens portal My Page
  -All new ICT systems in public sector shall be based on open source standards
- -ICT integrated in all subjects through education plans
- -Methods and tools to measure digital competence
- All non sensitive communication between public authorities shall be electronic
- -All public institutions shall use electronic supported administrative systems and archives
- All public institutions shall use eID and eSignature for all relevant services

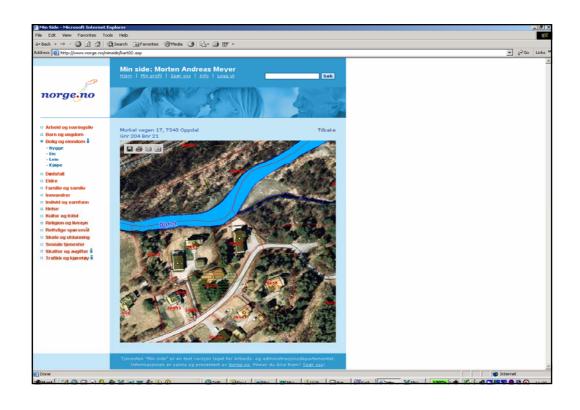


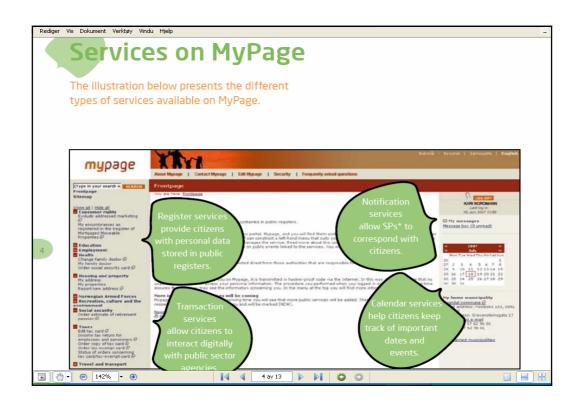




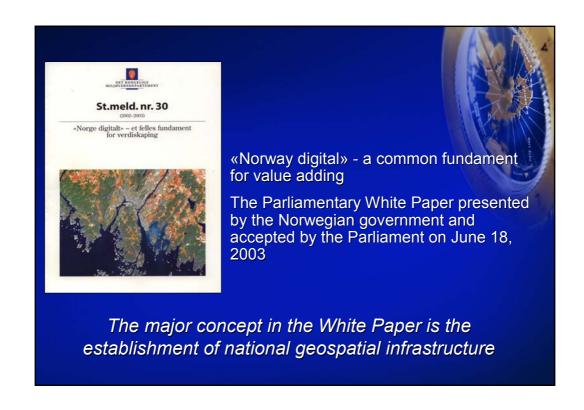


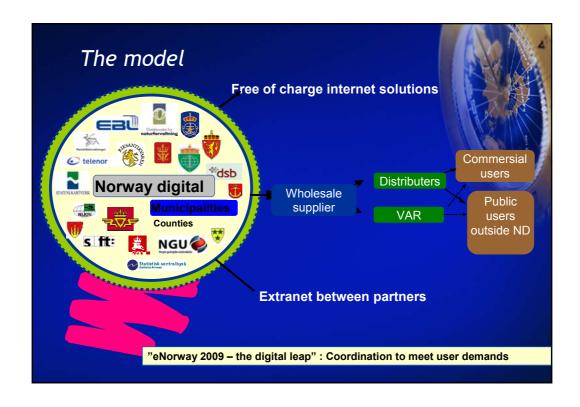














# Partner status - 2008

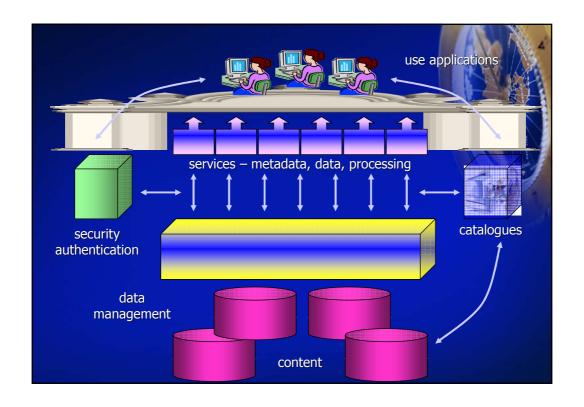
- 40 national agencies
- 17 (out of 17) county administrations
- 430 (out of 430) municipalities
- approx. 100 energy companies
- a few others

### Partner benefits

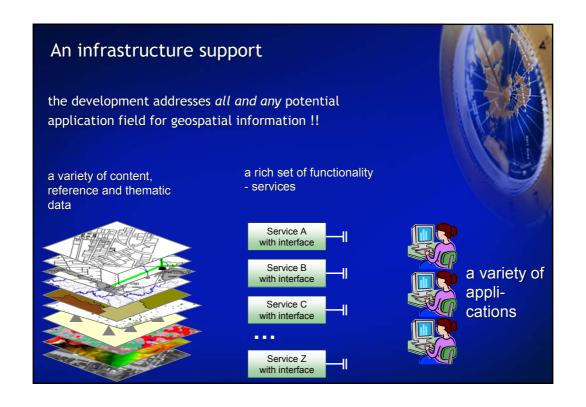
- · Access to a broad variety of geographic information data sets and services
  - downloadable datasets
  - web based services :
    - Map services, registers, adresses, placenames+++
  - quality control software
  - tools for developing product specifications
- access to the portal and all its services
- participation in the organisational structure
- participation in a variety of networks, e.g. technical and thematic

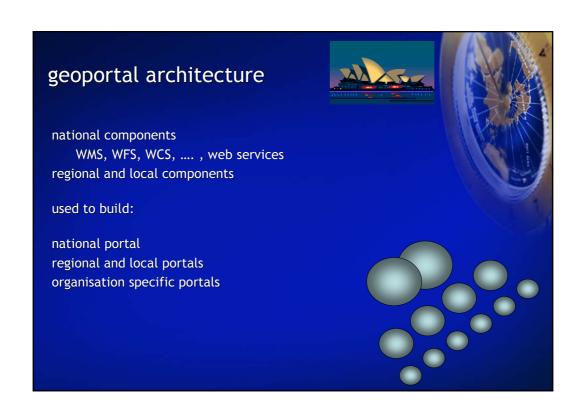


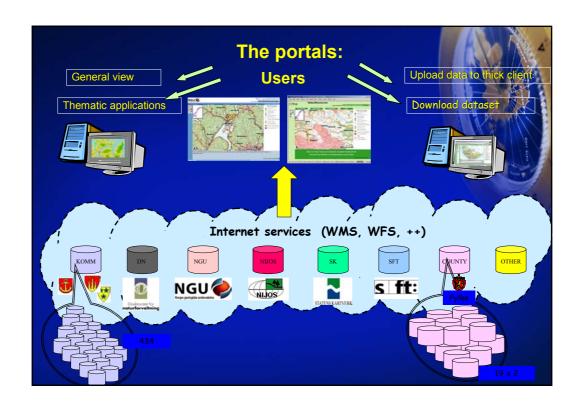


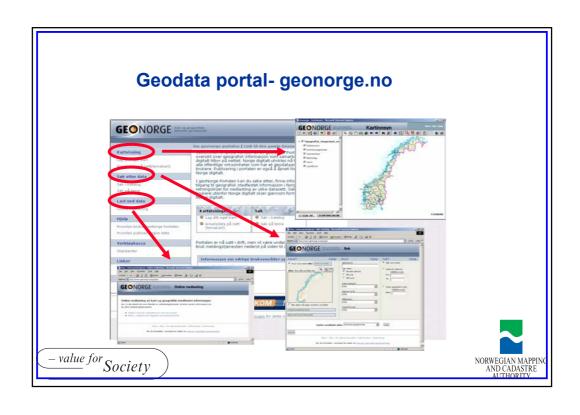


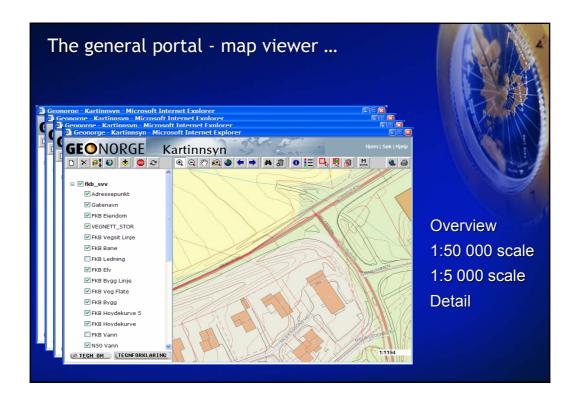


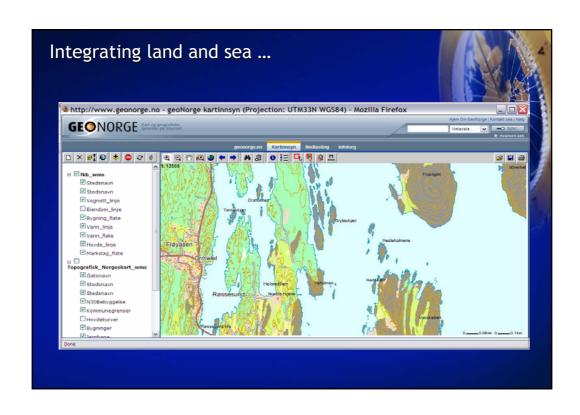


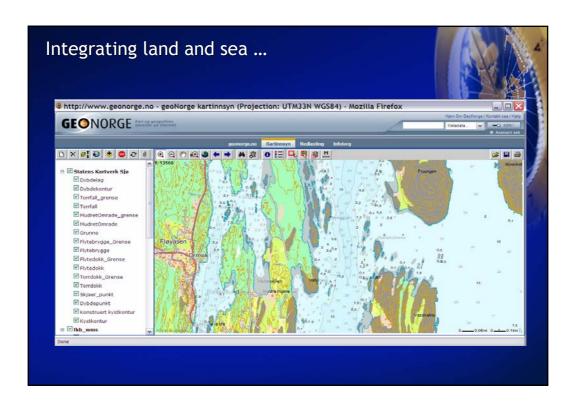




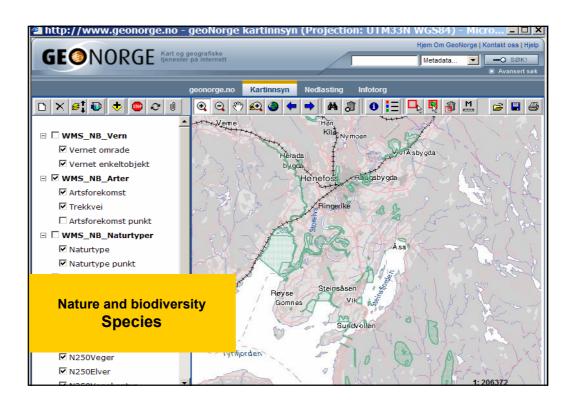


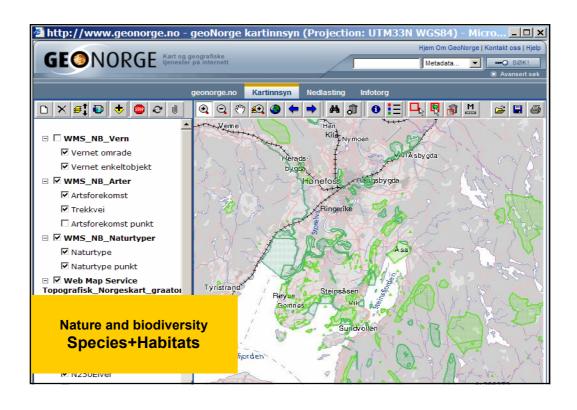


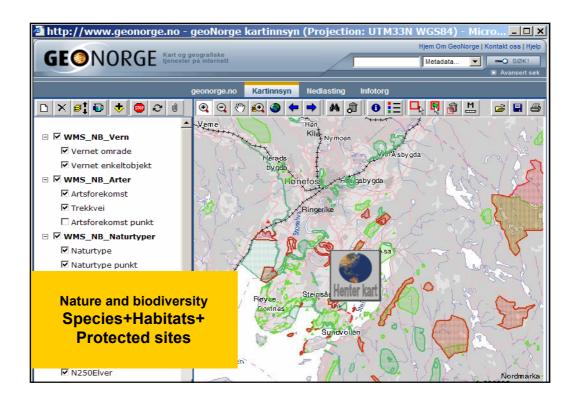


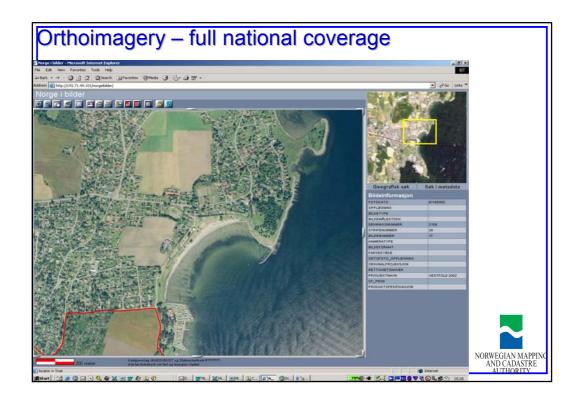




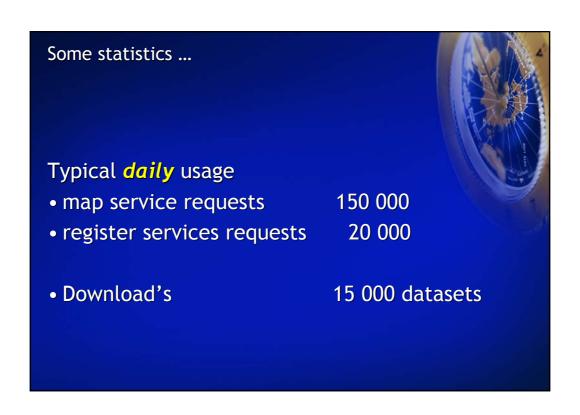








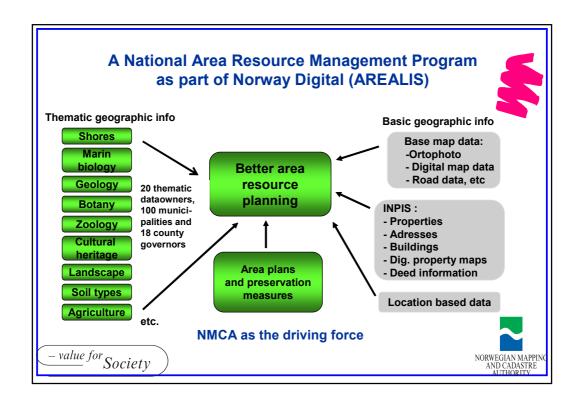










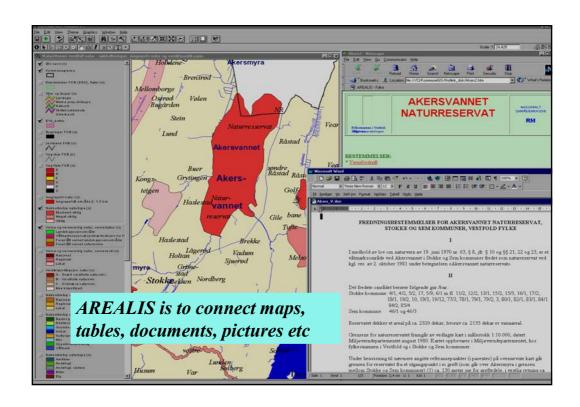


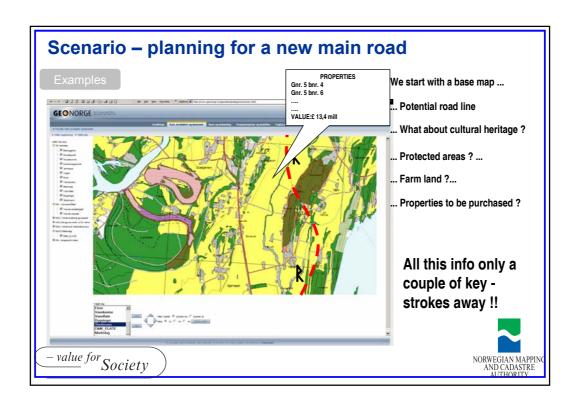
# Environmental databases in all Norwegian Counties

- Supply relevant datasets to be used in local and regional planning
- Simplify existing detailed data and classification systems
- Mapping of new topics and land use assessment
- Identify valuable areas
- Ranking of areas according to biodiversity and other environmental values
- More sustainable land use better management
- Affect communication between different sectors
- Reduce number and seriousness of land use conflicts

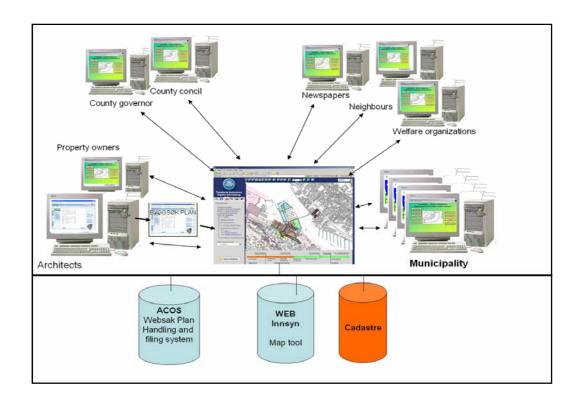


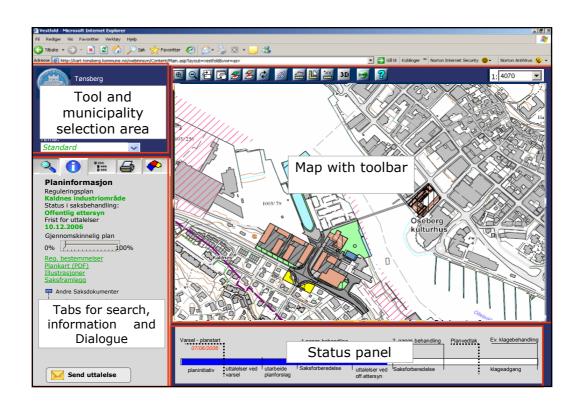
– value for Society

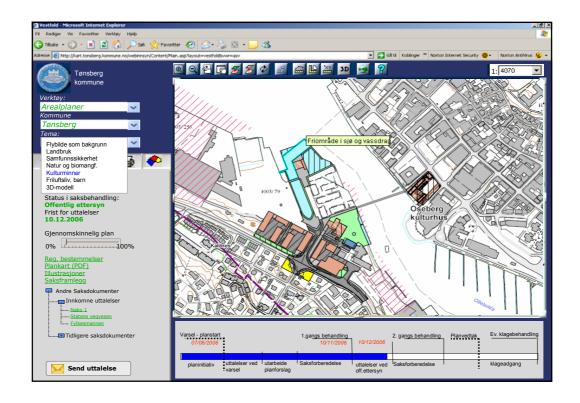


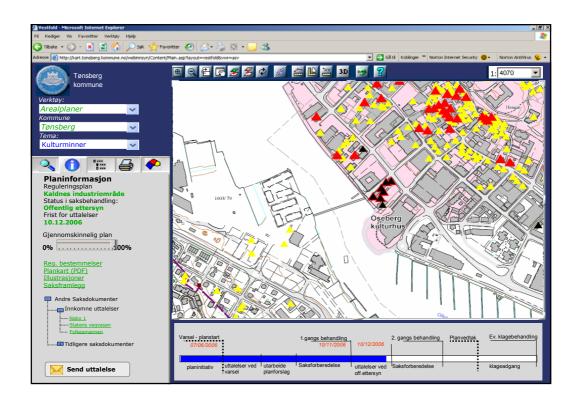


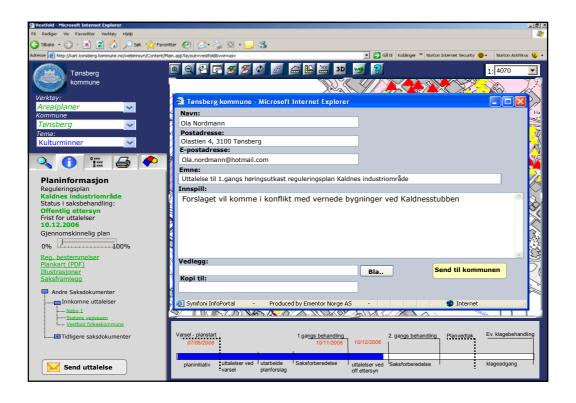












### **Gains**

More efficient executive work
Faster processes in case handling of plans and building
applications
Better action data
Strengthened information services

Transparency in the planning process (e-democracy)
Increased contact and more predictable processes for Land
owners and other business
increased citizen influence on municipal planning.
Increased accessibility of information from municipal planning

Realise gains from ICT- investments
Web-based handling and filing system
Geodata cooperation on Geodata
Web-based GIS tools





# Risk management

Norway is exposed for natural disasters like landslide, stoneslide, snowslide, underwaterslide and slide as a cause of flood or tsunami

2000 killed by natural disasters the last 150 years

It is expected 10 bigger slides in the coming 50 - 100 years, each with 10 - 100 persons dead





### Can we reduce the risk

There is little to do to prevent the natural hazards However, we can be prepared for situations

Modelling potential sceniarios, and risk assesment for localisaton of high exposed risk areas

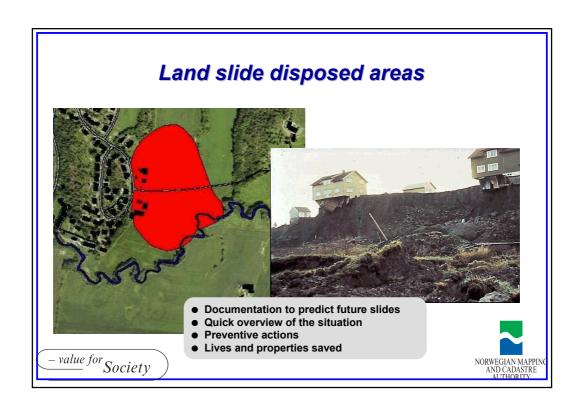
Riskredusing actions, including warning systems

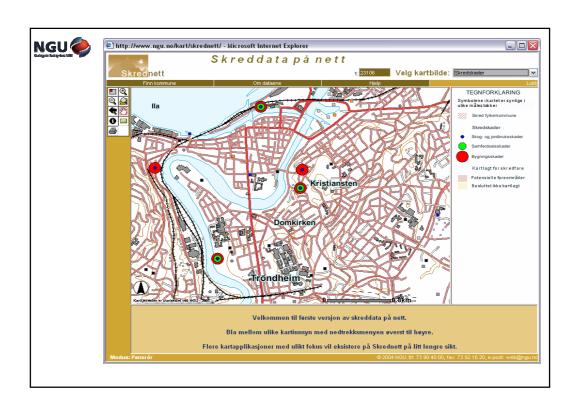
Decitions made today will influence the future vulnerability of the society

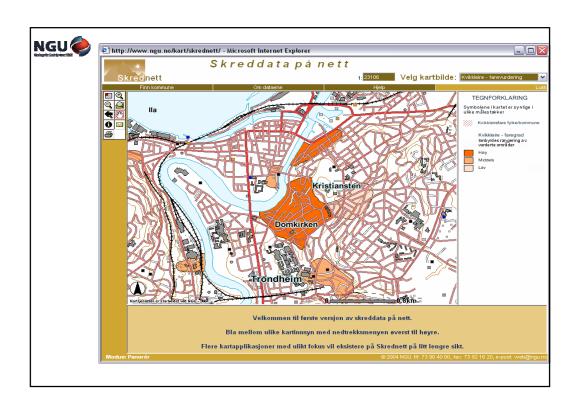


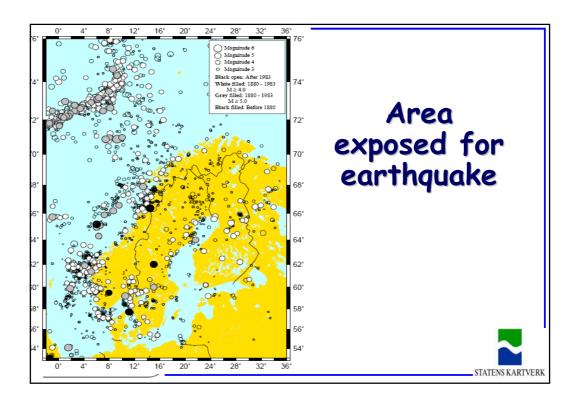
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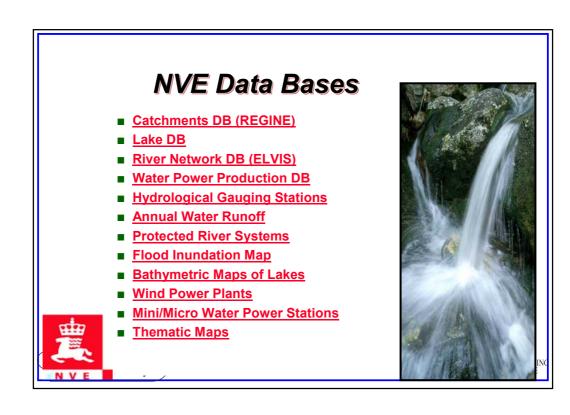


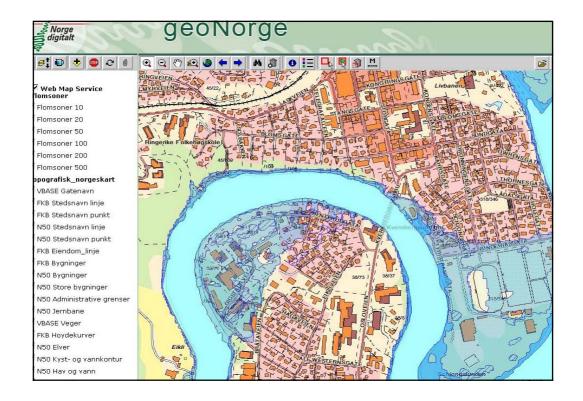


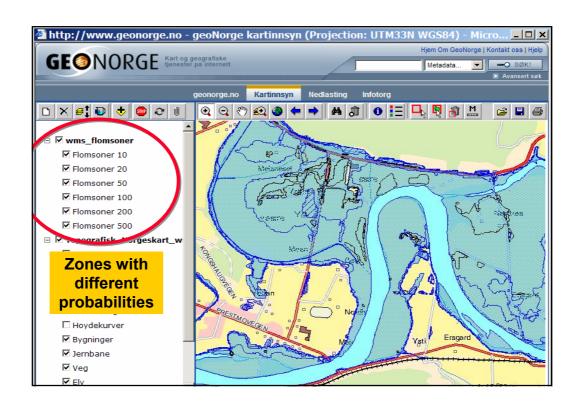


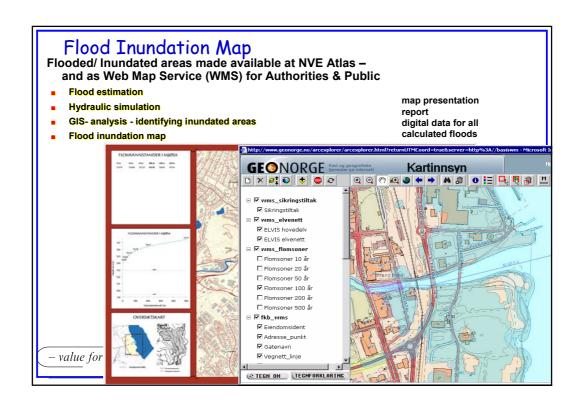




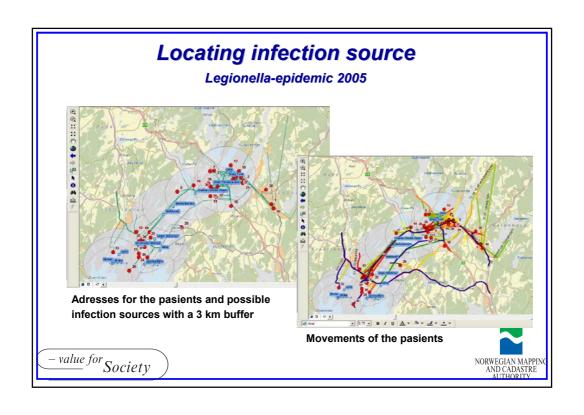




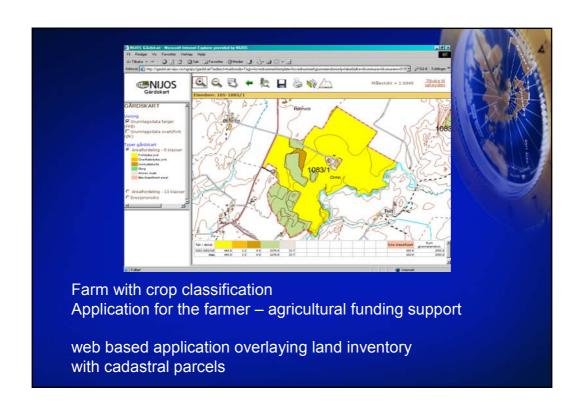






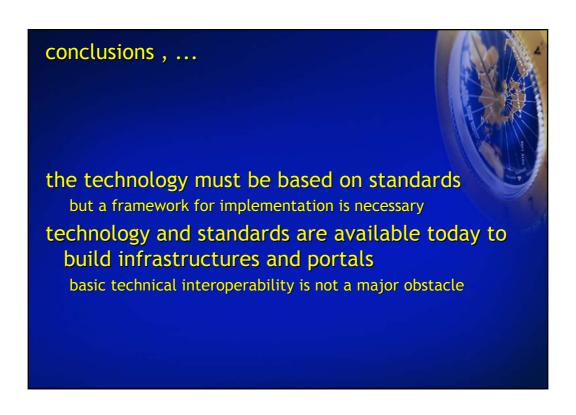




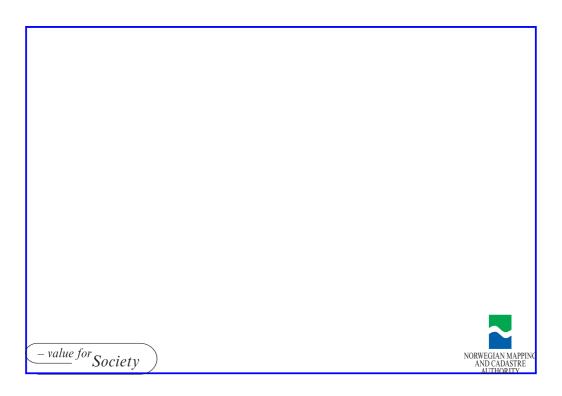




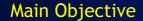












- √ To design and build a system where all information is collected in real time by different Web Services and Geospatial Services directly from official databases.
- ✓ To design and build a system with the capability to produce notification lists with names and addresses inside a defined buffer zone and send warnings by SMS and voice mail directly to the people, companies or farmers inside this buffer (notification zone)
- ✓ To design and build distributed components that communicate with commercial GIS
- ✓ To work with services chaining technology and model driven architecture.

