GEOMATICS EDUCATION IN BELGIUM: 2011 PROGRAM REFORMATION AT BELGIAN UNIVERSITIES

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Geomatics Education at Belgian Academic Universities

- Structure
- Vision
- Program
- Conclusion





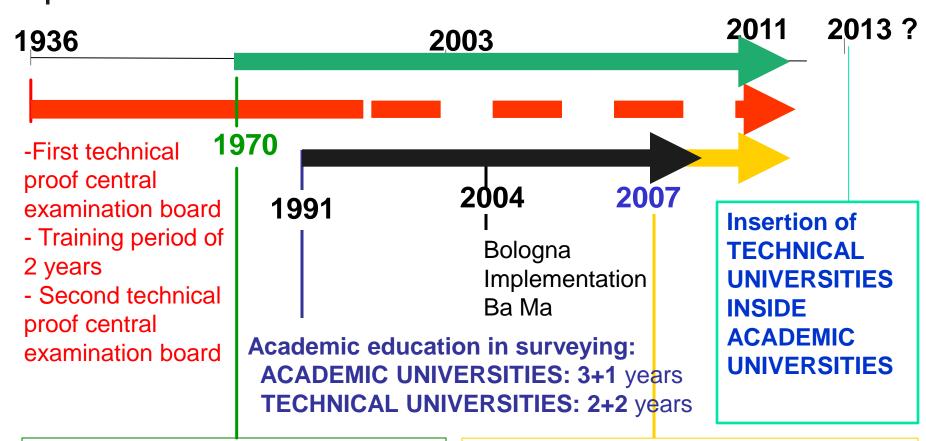
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History of geomatics education in Belgium



graduate degree (2 years) topography

→ evolved into the professional
bachelor Real Estate –option
surveying (2004) (3 years). (since
2006 access to the profession)

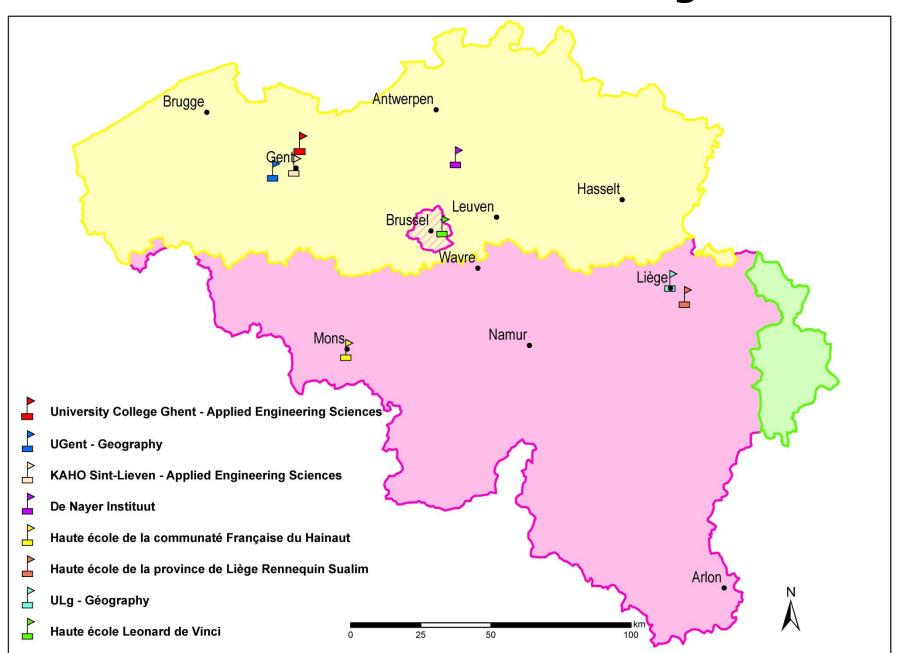
ACADEMIC UNIVERSITIES: 3+2 years
Program reformation in 2011
TECHNICAL UNIVERSITIES

2 + 2 years in the Flemish Community

3 + 2 years in the French Community



Geomatics education in Belgium





3 types of surveyor-related degrees

University College = Technical University



Academic University



Professional
Bachelor in
Real Estate
option
Surveying

Academic Bachelor
in Applied
Engineering
Sciences in
Construction option
Land Surveying

Master in Applied Engineering Sciences in Land Surveying

Academic
Bachelor in
Geography and
Geomatics - Main
Subject:
Surveying

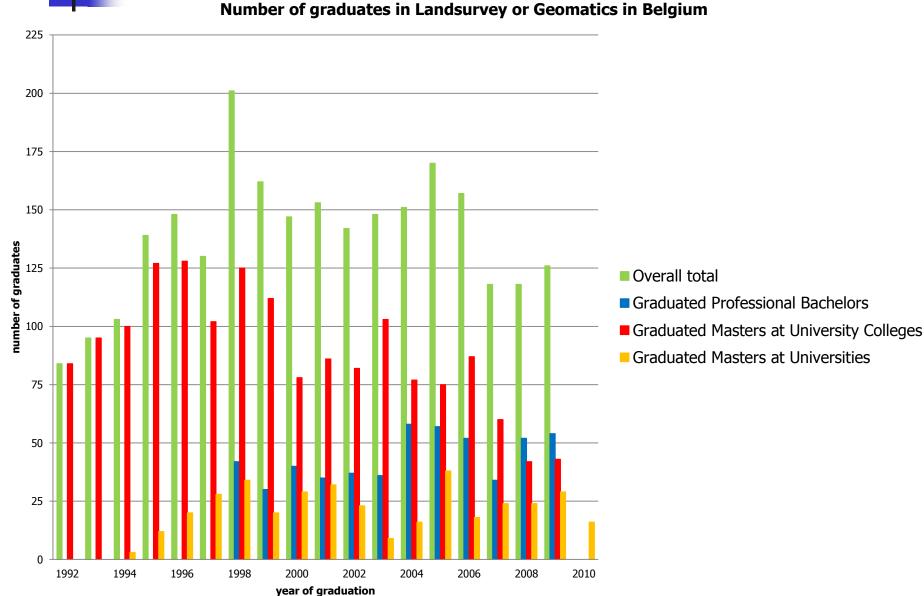
Master in Geomatics and Surveying

Academic
Bachelor in
Geographical
Sciences – Main
Subject:
Geomatics and
Geometrology

Master in
Geographical
Sciences – Main
Subject:
Geomatics and
Geometrology

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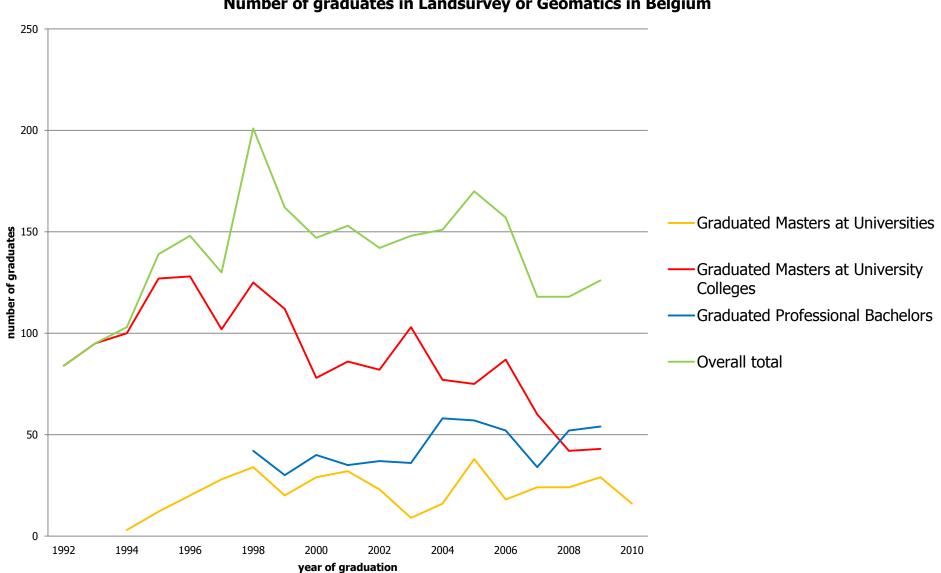
Number of graduates





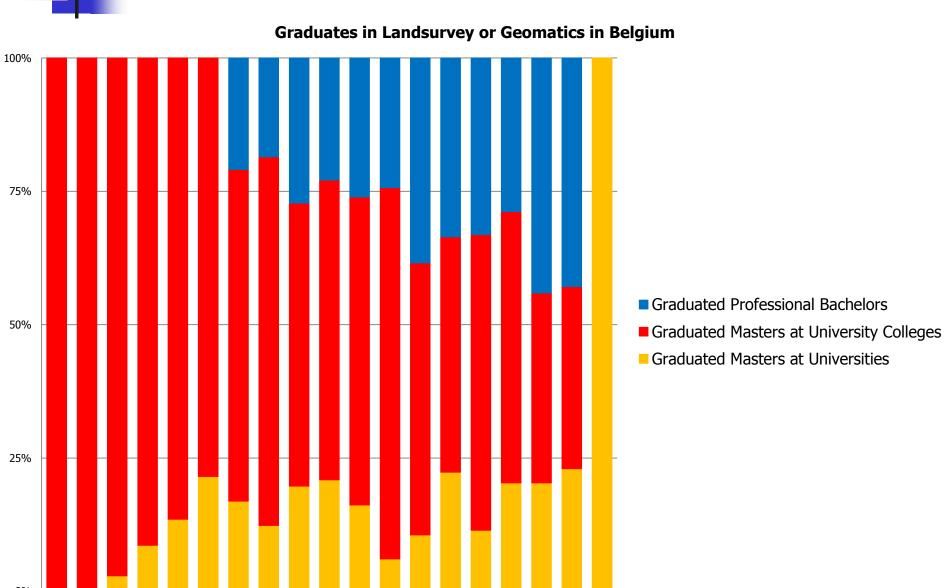
Number of graduates

Number of graduates in Landsurvey or Geomatics in Belgium



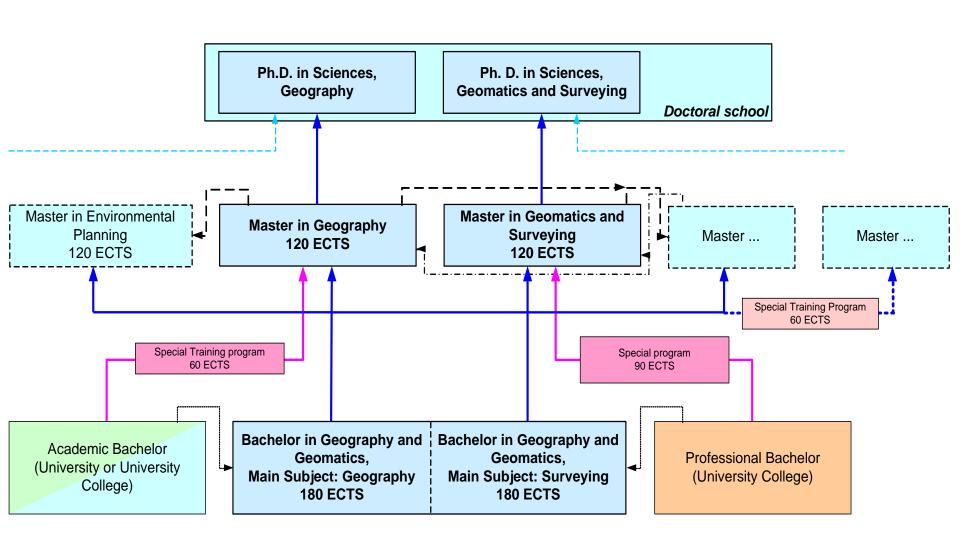


Number of graduates





Number of graduates



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Definition of Surveyor: FIG

FIG definition:

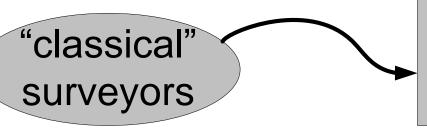
A surveyor is a professional person with the academic qualifications and technical expertise to conduct one, or more, of the following activities:

- to determine, measure and represent land, three-dimensional objects, point-fields and trajectories;
- to assemble and interpret land and geographically related information,
- to use that information for the planning and efficient administration of the land, the sea and any structures thereon; and,
- to conduct research into the above practices and to develop them.

3 pillars:

- →acquisition
- → information management, analysis and communication
- → real estate (construction, law, planning, value estimations ...)

Surveyor = ?



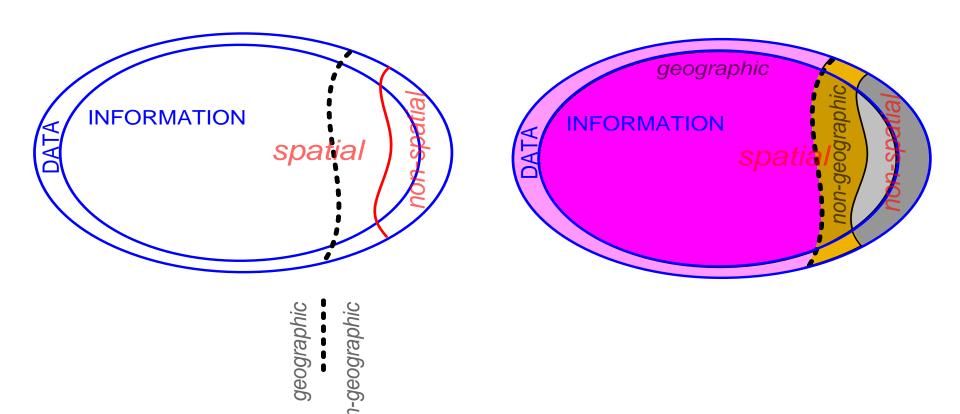
spatial [geographic] data [and information] *gathering* and *structuring*

"Modern" surveyors

Idem + management, analysis and communication of [spatial] geographic [data and] information

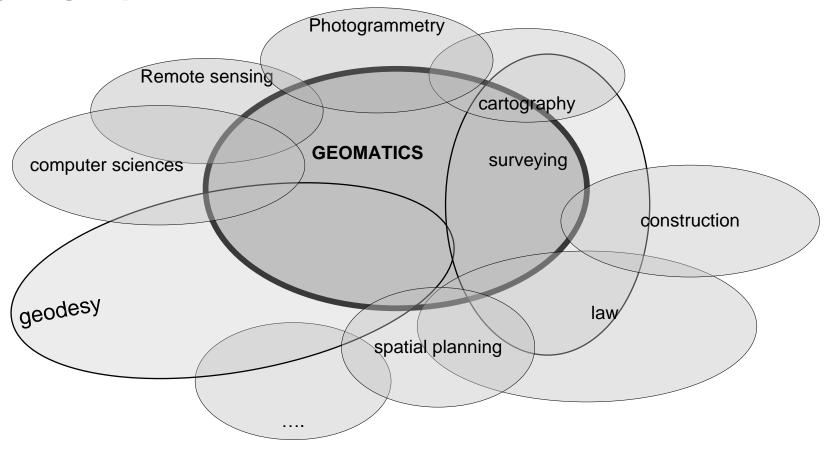
"Modern" surveyor focusses on "Geomatics"

Geomatics → dealing with spatial and geographic data and information



"Modern" surveyor focusses on "Geomatics"

Geomatics → dealing with spatial and geographic data and information



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First Bachelor		
Old (2007) <>	New	(2011)

1st Bachelor Geography and Geomatics				
GEOGRAPHY	GEOGRAPHY Geomatics			
MATHEMATICS I 5	MATHEMATICS I 5			
MATHEMATICS II 5	MATHEMATICS II 5			
PHYSICS I 5	PHYSICS I 5			
PHYSICS II 5	PHYSICS II 5			
INTRODUCTION TO GEOLOGY 5	INTRODUCTION TO GEOLOGY 5			
ECONOMICS 5	ECONOMICS 5			
CHEMISTRY 5	CHEMISTRY 5			
INTRODUCTION TO GEOMATICS 5	INTRODUCTION TO GEOMATICS 5			
INTRODUCTION TO INFORMATICS 5	INTRODUCTION TO INFORMATICS 5			
INTRODUCTION TO PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY 5	INTRODUCTION TO PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY 5			
INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC GEOGRAPY 6	INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC GEOGRAPY 6			
BIOSPHERE: PLANTS 4	INTRODUCTION TO LAW 4			

1st Bachelor Geography and Geomatics GEOGRAPHY Geomatics MATHEMATICS I MATHEMATICS I 5 5 MATHEMATICS II MATHEMATICS II 5 5 PHYSICS I PHYSICS I 5 5 PHYSICS II PHYSICS II 5 5 INTRODUCTION TO INTRODUCTION TO **GEOLOGY GEOLOGY** 5 5 **CHEMISTRY** CHEMISTRY 5 5 **ECONOMICS ECONOMICS** 5 5 INTRODUCTION TO INTRODUCTION TO **INFORMATICS INFORMATICS** 5 INTRODUCTION TO INTRODUCTION TO **ENGINEERING ENGINEERING** SURVEYING SURVEYING 5 INTRODUCTION TO INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC **GEOGRAPY** GEOGRAPY 5 5 INTRODUCTION TO INTRODUCTION TO PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY 5 5 INTRODUCTION TO INTRODUCTION TO **GEOMATICS GEOMATICS** 5 5

Second Bachelor Old (2007) <> New (2011)

2nd Bach	2nd Bachelor Geography and Geomatics			2nd Bachelor Geography and Geomatics			
GEOG	RAPHY	Geomatics		GEOGRAPHY		Geomatics	
	ISTICS 5	STATISTICS 5		INTRODUCTION TO LANDSCAPE SCIENCE 5		INTRODUCTION TO LANDSCAPE SCIENCE 5	
GEOGR	SOPHY 3 RAPHIC	PHILOSOPHY 3 GEOGRAPHIC		GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM 5		GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM 5	
INTRO TO G	ON SYSTEM 4 SEOGRAPHIC ON SCIENCE	INFORMATION SYSTEM 4 INTRO TO GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SCIENCE	i i	REMOTE SENSING 6		REMOTE SENSING 6	
REMOTE registra	SENSING; tion and	REMOTE SENSING; registration and		STATISTICS 5	8	STATISTICS 5	
REMOTE image into	SENSING; erpretation	processing 3 REMOTE SENSING; image interpretation		PHILOSOPHY 5 METHODS OF SPATIAL		PHILOSOPHY 5 METHODS OF SPATIAL	
INTRODU LANDSCAP	CTION TO PE SCIENCE	INTRODUCTION TO LANDSCAPE SCIENCE 5		AND REGIONAL RESEARCH 4		AND REGIONAL RESEARCH	
AND RE	OF SPATIAL EGIONAL ARCH 4	METHODS OF SPATIAL AND REGIONAL RESEARCH 4		SOCIOLOGY 4		DATABASES 6	
SURVI	EERING EYINGI 4	ENGINEERING SURVEYING I 4		INTRODUCTION TO CLIMATOLOGY AND METEOLOGY		GLOBAL NAVIGATION SATELLITE SYSTEMS 5	
GEOMOR	RFOLOGIE	ENGINEERING SURVEYING II 5		5 GEOMORPHOLOGY 5		INTRODUCTION TO LAW	
	LATION	APLIED INFORMATICS II	3 PLIED INFORMATICS II	TRANSPORT GEOGRAPHY	ũ	NUMERICAL MATHEMATICS	
INTRODU	CTION TO DRICAL	BUILDING CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING 4 NUMERICAL MATHEMATICS 5		5 INTRODUCTION TO MINERALOGY 3		APLIED INFORMATICS:	
GEOG INTRODU	CTION TO LOGY			INTRODUCTION TO PETROLOGY		DESIGN 4	
	DLOGY	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW 5		PHYTOLOGY 5		TOPOMETRY I 5	
						<i>*</i>	

Third Bachelor Old (2007) <> New (2011)

3th Bachelor Geog	raphy and Geomatics 3th Bachelor Geography a		aphy and Geomatics	
GEOGRAPHY	Geomatics	GEOGRAPHY	Geomatics	
SPATIAL ANALYSIS METHODS AND TECHNIQUES	SPATIAL ANALYSIS METHODS AND TECHNIQUES	SPATIAL ANALYSIS 6	SPATIAL ANALYSIS 6	
SPATIAL ANALYSIS/	SPATIAL ANALYSIS/	GIT 5	GIT 5	
MAPALGEBRA AND GEOSTATISTICS 3 CARTOGRAPHY 5	MAPALGEBRA AND GEOSTATISTICS 3 GENERAL AND THEMATIC CARTOGRAPHY 4	BACHELOR DISSERTATION 10	BACHELOR DISSERTATION 10	
SPATIAL ECONOMICS AND REGIONAL PLANNING 5	ASTRONOMIC_GEODETIC POSITIONING 5	CARTOGRAPHY 5	CARTOGRAPHY 5	
GEOMORPHOLOGY 4	TOPOMETRY 5	SOIL SCIENCE	INTEGRATED EXCERCISES 4	
INTRODUCTION TO CLIMATOLOGY AND METEREOLOGY 4	PHOTOGRAMMETRY 5	POPULATION – AND URBAN GEOGRAPHY	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW	
SOIL SCIENCE 4	INTEGRATED EXCERCISES 3	5 ECOLOGY		
LOCATION THEORY 5	PROGRAMMING I		PROPERTY LAW 5	
LANDSCAPE SCIENCE 6	BUSINESS LAW 5	QUARTAIR STUDIES 5	PHOTOGRAMMETRY 5	
BACHELOR DISSERTATION	BACHELOR DISSERTATION	LANDSCAPE SCIENCE 6	TOPOMETRY II 5	
		INTRODUCTION TO HISTORICAL GEOGRAPHY 4	GEOMATICS APPLICATION PROGRAMMING 5	
ELECTIVE COURSES 10		ELECTIVE COURSES 5	ELECTIVE COURSES 5	



Master Geomatics and Surveying

Masterthesis (30)				
(30) Minor a RESEARCH Recommended Subjects Internet applications (5) Communication networks (6) Historical cartography (5) Geographical Information Science (5) Information management (6) Multimedia techniques (6) Image processing (6) Constructive design and infrastructure (5) Practical Training II (1 month) (5)	Minor b EDUCATION	Minor c ECONOMICS AND BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION		
3D- Acquisition and visualisa	ation (5)			
Geographical Information Mana	gement (5)			
Over- and underground landregi	stration (4)			
Juridical instructions concerning Evironmental Plann				
House Building Technique, inventory of fixtures and valuation of real estate (5)				
Bathymetry (5)				
Mapprojections and Co-ordinate systems (5) Quality of measurements (5)				
Real Estate and Estimation Assessment (5)				
Integrated Geographical Information Applications (7)				
Practical training (1 month) (5)				
Geographical Information Platforms (4)				

Bachelor/Master in Geomatics and Surveying (source: EEGECS, WG1)	Technical Universities	A			
SUBJECT	AVERAGE	ULg	UGent	UGent	AVERAGE
	University Colleges		2005	2011	Academic Universities
BASIC SCIENCES (mathematics, fysics, chemistry)	60	59	25	30	44.5
COMPUTER SCIENCES - CAD	9	20	22	25	22.5
STATISTICS - ADJUSTMENT	4	9	25	11	10
GEOSCIENCES	2	48	21	25	36.5
GEODETIC SURVEYING	13	24	17	20	22
GEODESY - POSITIONING	5	14	10	10	12
PHOTOGRAMMETRY - REMOTE SENSING	2	13	17	11	12
CARTOGRAPHY	2	15	19	15	15
HYDROGRAPHICAL SURVEY	2	0	5	5	2.5
GEOINFORMATION – GIS	4	11	32	31	21
(CIVIL) ENGINEERING SKILLS	68	26	9	10	18
LAND MANAGEMENT	2	10	10	10	10
CADASTRE – LAND LAW	10	7	24	24	15
ECONOMICS – QUALITY MANAGEMENT – ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT	19	2	8	14	8
PRACTICAL TRAINING - PROJECTS	20	12	20	19	16
BACHELOR + MASTER THESIS	18	30	36	40	35
TOTAL	240	300	300	300	300

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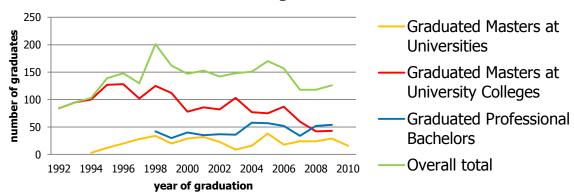
3 challenges: typical for Belgium or not ?





Challenge 1: Limited number of "Surveying" students

Number of graduates in Landsurvey or Geomatics in Belgium



- Total number of SURVEYORS/GEOMATICIAN students: only 12-13 students for every 1.000.000 inhabitants/year, SLIGHTLY DECREASING
- "Academic University Surveying" (5 year study) = 1-2 students for every 1.000.000 inhabitants/year, DECREASING
- "Technical University Surveying" (4 or 5 year study) = 4-5 students for every 1.000.000 inhabitants/year, DECREASING
- "Professional Bachelors" (3 years study) = 5-6 students for every 1.000.000 inhabitants/year, INCREASING

Challenge 2: Quality/Funding

- Spread of funding
 - Many Universities in small country
 - 2013: Insertion of technical universities within universities.
 - But: Is this the "easy" solution (funding, administrative organisation,...) ?
- Change (since approx. 2007) in financing universities
 - Output financing mechanism
 - Publication related financing mechanism
 - Competition model
- Professors evaluation model
 - Research oriented
 - Students can now easily "harm" professors





Challenge 3: Cultural

- "Student" attitude
 - Study = first priority ?
 - Basic School
 - Humanities
 - University
 - Ph.D.
 - Knowledge is rapidly decreasing <= "Not knowledge but skills are important!" ???
- Erasmus/Socrates exchange
 - More or less qualified students ? Eclectism or Student "tourism" ?
 - Erasmus Mundus (facing Belgian law restictions) ?





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Thank you for your attention!

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