



### Reformation of Land Administration in Botswana

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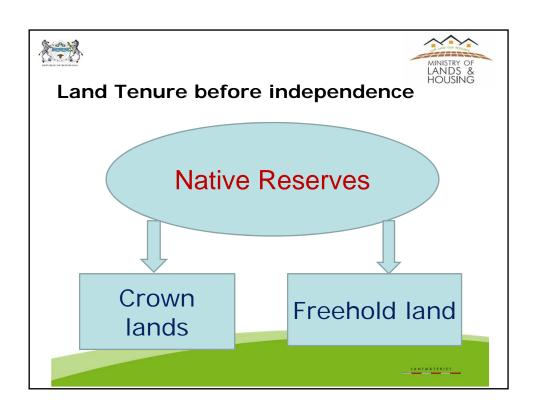
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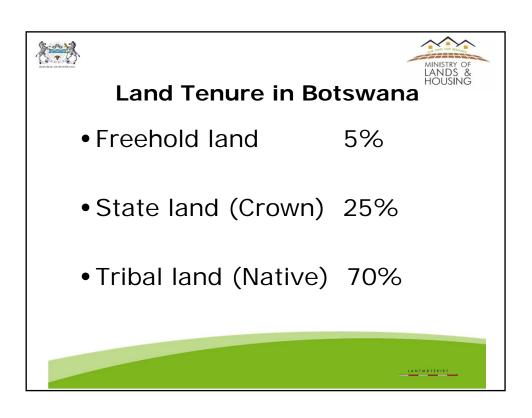




#### Facts and Figures on Botswana

- •Population 1.8 million
- •Area 586,000 sq km
- •Former British protectorate
- Rainfall; average 450mm per annum





Summary of tenures  MINISTRY OF LANDS &		
Tribal land (70%)	Freehold land (5%)	State land (25%)
Ownership perpetual	Ownership perpetual	Defined lease period
Transferable (if developed)	Transferable	Transferable (remainder of lease ,if developed)
Inheritable	Inheritable	Inherit (remainder of lease)
Can not hypothecate (if not transformed to common law lease)	Can hypothecate	Can hypothecate
No survey prior to allocation ??	Survey before allocation	Survey before allocation
No planning prior to allocation ??	Planning prior to allocation	Planning prior to allocation
Compensation based on improvements introduced	Compensation based on market	Compensation based on market

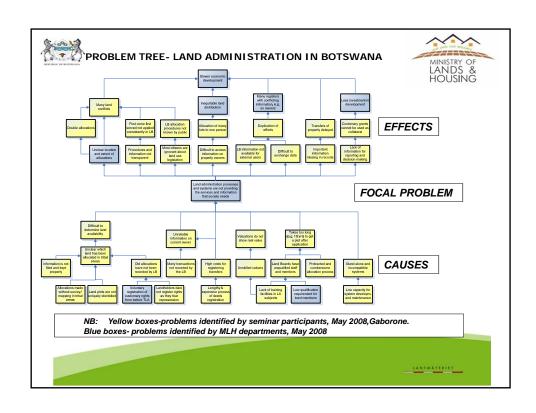


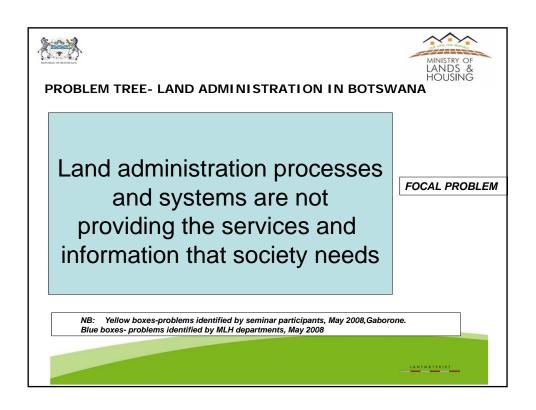


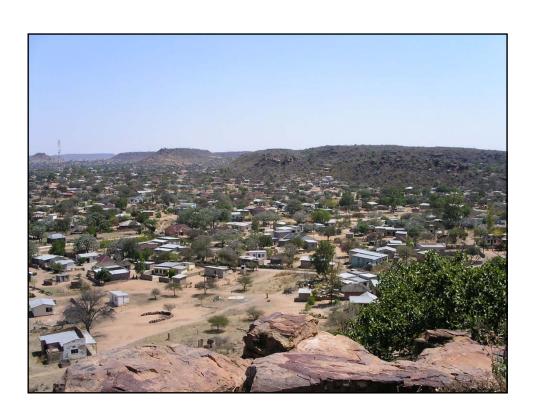
## Ministry of Lands and Housing departments (organisations)

- Dept of Surveys and Mapping
- Dept of Town and Regional Planning
- Dept of Lands
- Dept of Housing
- Dept of Technical Services
- LAND TRIBUNALS (2)
- Deeds Registry
- LAND BOARDS (12)

✓ Plus 41 subordinate Land Boards ......











## Achievements of Land Administration in Botswana

- Landless class has been avoided
- Land freely available to those who need it in tribal areas ??
- Equitable distribution largely attained
- Communities have a direct say in land administration in their areas





#### What is LAPCAS?

- Improvement of Land Administration Procedures, Capacity and Systems in Botswana (LAPCAS)
- The project is owned and managed by MLH
- It is a partnership project between Lantmäteriet (Sweden) and MLH (Botswana)
- It is about identifying opportunities for excellence in Land Administration
- It is about facilitating the economy





#### LAPCAS has 7 components



- 1. National systems for unique referencing of parcels and addresses
- Improvements of land administration processes
- 3. Deeds register computerization
- 4. Systematic adjudication on tribal land
- 5. IT operations and maintenance organization
- Information exchange and dissemination
- 7. Capacity building







# Component 1; National systems for unique referencing of land parcels and location addresses

- Developed unique plot numbers in all plots in the country, including villages
- Developed a system of street/location addresses in both urban and rural areas

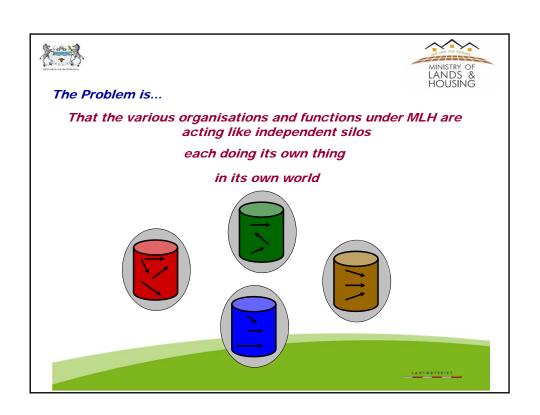


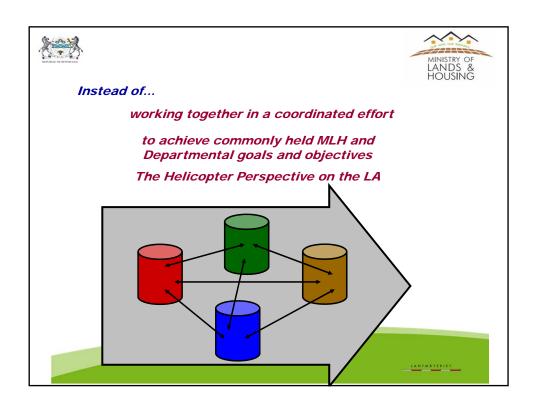




#### Component 2; Improvements of Land administration processes

- A holistic approach to Land Administration
- A strategy developed including;
  - Business process reengineering
  - Organisational effectiveness
  - Legal changes required to simplify processes







# Component 3: Deeds register computerization

- Introduce a computerised deeds register
- Linkages to other organisations
  - √ Scanning of Deeds registry documents
  - ✓ Introducing unique parcel ID in Deeds Registry

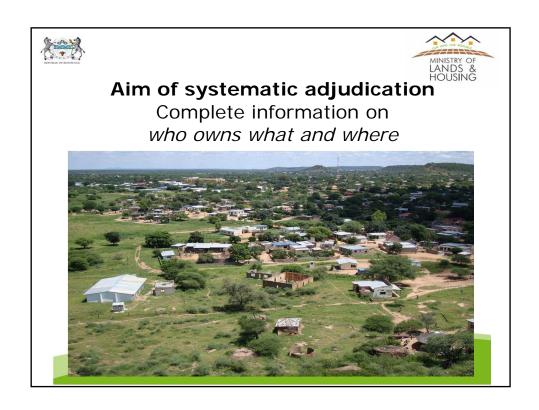
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# Component 4: Systematic adjudication on tribal land

- Capture all plots (Ownership & location) in the country
- Sorting out Land Board records
- Developed and tested a procedure for systematic adjudication in tribal areas:
  - ✓ One pilot project completed
  - ✓ Second pilot project ongoing



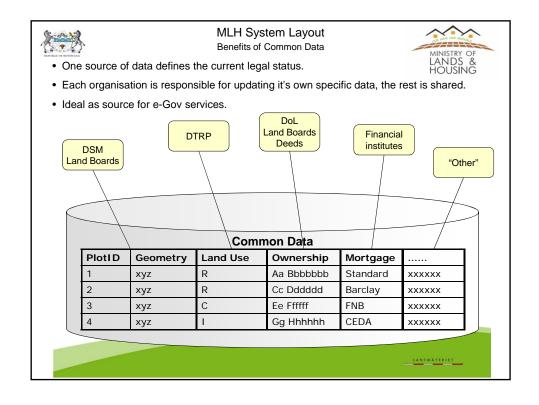






## Component 5: IT operations and maintenance organization

- Developed a IT strategy which will:
  - Ensure that IT drives the business needs of MLH
  - IT systems works all time, consistently and reliably
  - Optimise IT structure







## Component 6: Information exchange and dissemination (NSDI)

- Establish the NSDI
- Create spatial infrastructure (SDI) and National SDI awareness
- Establish data sharing standards







#### Component 7: Training and study trips

- Planning and implementing training activities
- Implemented short term and long term courses with the UB and UoG
- · Bench marking visits
- 384 officers of MLH trained so far



#### Conclusion



- Land reform is about sustainable economic development
- Development is about change
- The need for change in mind set, to address prevailing problems
- We have the political support for change
- More about the results in the next FIG Working Week

