

Coastal Gravity Anomalies from Retrackted Geosat/GM: A Case Study in Bali, Indonesia

Presented By,

Dyah Pangastuti

Arisauna M.Pahlevi



XXV FIG CONGRESS, "Engaging the Challenges, Enhancing the Relevance", 16 – 21 June 2014, Malaysia

BACKGROUND

- inspired by paper of Hwang et al., 2012, Yang et., al 2006, and Deng and Featherstone., 2006
- Indonesia develope Indonesian Geospatial Reference System (SRGI 2013). Geoid is vertical datum in SRGI 2013
- Indonesian archipelago consists of an estimated total of 13.466 islands (BIG, 2013).
- Indonesian Geoid need land and marine gravity data
- Lack of marine gravity data (limitation of shipborne and airborne survey)
- Solution : use altimetry for marine gravity
- Handicaped of altimetry: Near coastal, altimeter waveform may be corrupted.
 Retracking altimery can improve waveform and gravity data



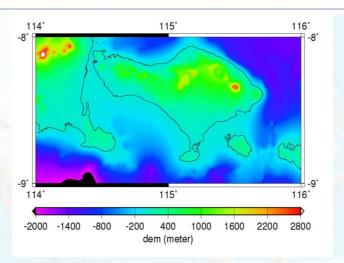


Figure 1. Data Elevation Model of Bali Inland and Waters Around Bali From SRTM 3" Resolution

- Waters around Bali, Indonesia is classified as shallow water (300-800 m)
- Bali island near with Java Island and Lombok Island. Altimeter signal should be corrupted in that area.



XXV FIG CONGRESS, "Engaging the Challenges, Enhancing the Relevance", 16 – 21 June 2014, Malaysia

OBJECTIVE

- Retracking SSH in waters around Bali
- Get gravity data from SSH
- Improve gravity data from altimetry



SUBWAVE THRESHOLD METHOD

- Subwave threshold retracker derive the leading edge to reduce the error in the estimated arrival time of the pulse in four steps (Hwang et al., 2012):
 - a. Obtain an accurate reference leading edge from the Brown Model
 - b. The subwaveform correlation is used to derive the optimal subwaveform
 - c. the leading edge is determined after analysing the optimal subwaveform
 - d. the retracking correction is derived from the leading edge with the threshold retracking. Compute retracking gate

The Result: SSH after Retrack



XXV FIG CONGRESS, "Engaging the Challenges, Enhancing the Relevance", 16 – 21 June 2014, Malaysia

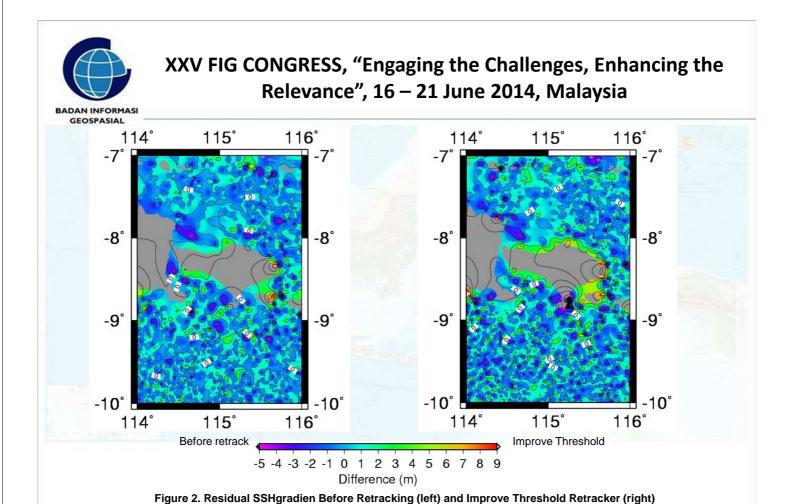
IMPROVED GRAVITY ANOMALY FROM RETRACKTED SSH

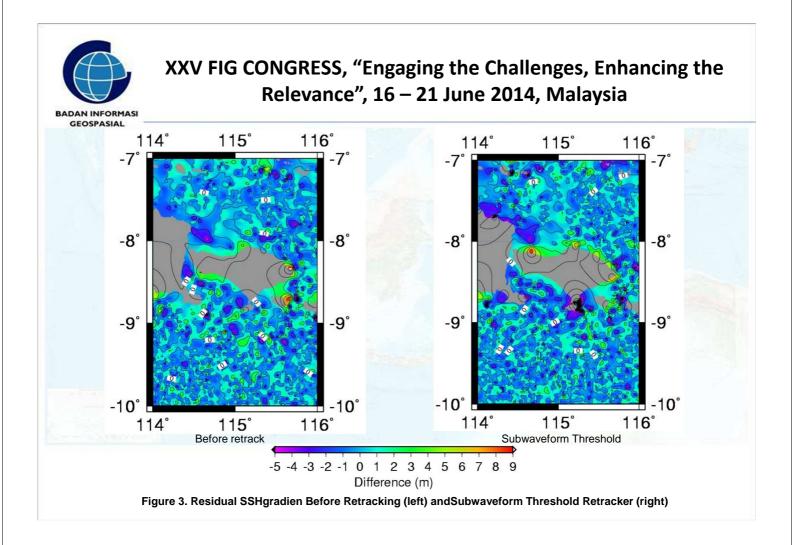
- We use Geosat/GM altimeter at waters around Bali
- The SSH retrackted of Geosat/GM used to derive along track geoid gradient observed, e.

$$e_{res} = e - e_{long}$$

e_{res} = geoid residual, e_{long} = geoid global, egm 2008

- We use Least Square Collocation to compute g_{res}
- $G = g_{res} + g_{long}$







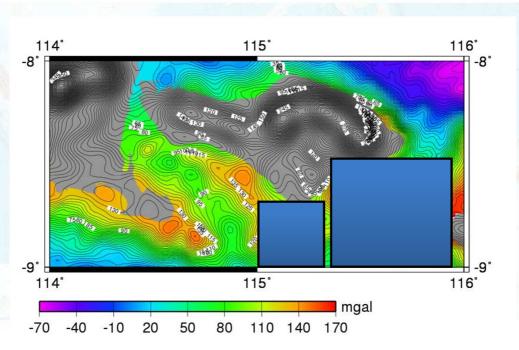
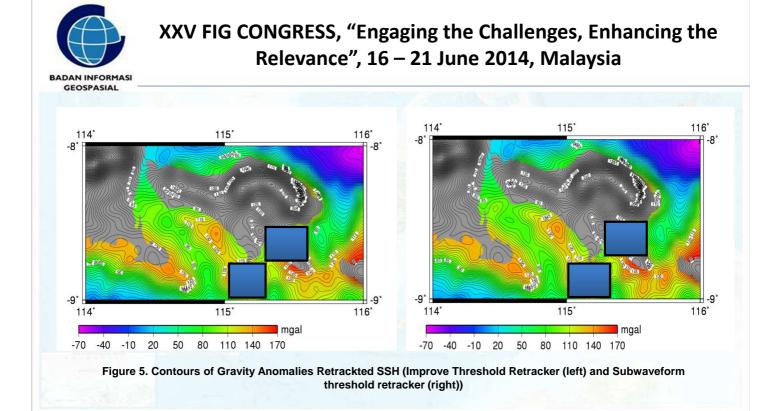


Figure 4. Contours of Gravity Anomalies Using raw SSH





- anomaly gravities derived from raw SSH has rough contours
- anomaly gravities from retrackted SSH has smooth contours.
- at a location northeast of Bali island (at marine area nearby Penida and Lombok Island), some gravity artifacts are dissapeared after retracted.
- Also at a location north of Bali island



XXV FIG CONGRESS, "Engaging the Challenges, Enhancing the Relevance", 16 – 21 June 2014, Malaysia

COMPARISON GRAVITY DATA DERIVED FROM SSH RETRACKTED WITH SHIPBORNE GRAVITY

 We compared Gravity Data from Retrackted SSH with shipborne gravity at waters around Bali

Description	Mean	Standard Deviation
Raw SSH- Shipborne Gravity	1.811	12.353
SSH Retracted by Improve threshold retracker-shipborne gravity	1.345	11.122
SSH Retracted by subwaveform threshold retracker-shipborne gravity	1.285	10.307



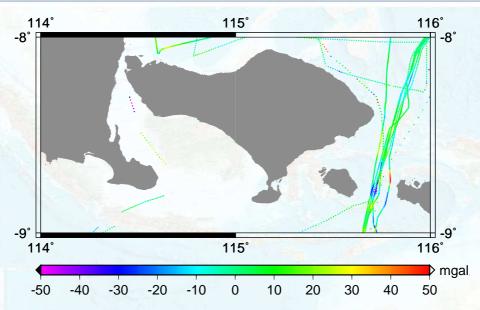


Figure 6. Distributions of Difference Between Gravity Anomalies Derived by Altimeter and Shipborne Gravity Before Retracking



XXV FIG CONGRESS, "Engaging the Challenges, Enhancing the Relevance", 16 – 21 June 2014, Malaysia

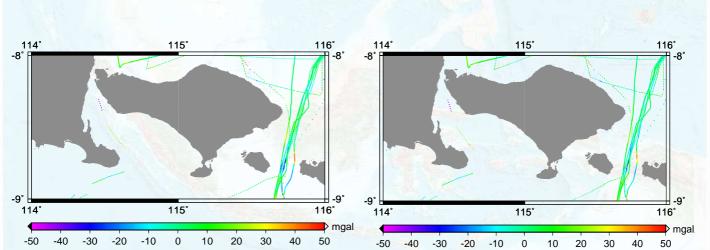


Figure 7. Distributions of Difference Between Gravity Anomalies Derived by Altimeter and Shipborne Gravity , a,. Imrove threshold Retracker, b. Subwaveform Threshold Retracker



CONCLUSION

- Shallow water around Bali made altimeter subwaveform corrupted.
- Altimeter retrackted can improve gravity anomaly in waters around Bali.
 Subwaveform threshold improved 29%, improve threshold retracker improved 25%
- Subwaveform threshold retracker is outperform than improve threshold retracker