## Innovative Solutions from Geosystems: VADASE

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# FIG Working Week 2016

CHRISTCHURCH, NEW ZEALAND 2-6 MAY 2016

Recovery

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## Innovative Solutions : Leica VADASE

Autonomous GNSS monitoring solution for fast movements on-board a stand-alone GNSS receiver





when it has to be right



## **Motivation & Background**

### Using GPS for Seismology ...

- Historically mainly to study long-term deformation, daily solutions (plate tectonics, crustal deformation, post-glacial rebound, subsidence)
- More recently research using kinematic post-processed using
  - Instantaneous differential positioning
  - Precise Point Positioning
    - Both methods not fully autonomous and not routinely available in real time

#### Aim to determine seismic displacements in real-time ...

1 cm accuracy / Global reference frame / within minutes after Event





when it has to be right



## **Motivation & Background**

University of Rome "Sapienza" - Geodesy and Geomatics division :

- Realised growing importance of GNSS in seismic application
- From 2009 started to exploit use of uncorrected GNSS measurements as simple & flexible real-time solution
- Goal:

Real-time site displacement from a single stand-alone GNSS receiver

Idea:

## VADASE

Variometric Approach for Displacements Analysis Stand-Alone Engine









## **Motivation & Background**

#### Technology applied:

- Velocity Estimation
  - Epoch-by-Epoch LSQ estimation of site velocity using high-rate (i.e. 1 Hz or more) carrier phases observations and broadcast orbits
- Waveform or Displacement determination
  - Integration of estimated velocities lead to high-rate site motion waveform and displacement information

➔ No correction signal needed!







### **Application Examples: Leica Test Platform**







- when it has to be right



## **Application Examples: Japan 2011 Earthquake**

Studies performed by University of Rome - Earthquakes:

- Comparison of VADASE approach performed by post-processed data from various seismic events
- Example from Tohoku-oki earthquake / Mw 9.0, 11.03.2011 / 1 Hz data











## **Application Examples: Japan 2011 Earthquake**

Tohoku-oki earthquake / Mw 9.0, 11.03.2011

- Estimated velocities
- IGS Site "MIZU"
- 140 km from epicenter









## **Application Examples: Japan 2011 Earthquake**

Tohoku-oki earthquake / Mw 9.0, 11.03.2011

- Integrated velocities
  - ➔ Displacement
  - 3.4 m Total horizontal displacement









## **Application Examples: Japan 2011 Earthquake**

#### Tohoku-oki earthquake / Mw 9.0, 11.03.2011 05:46:10 05:47:10 05:48:10 05:49:10 05:50:10 Comparison with : 3 APP F APP N APP U VADE **TRACK** = Diff Pos νάρια VAD U TRA E **APP** = PPP solution TRA N TRA U ----1 Correlation coeff. higher than 0.90 Ξ 0 RMSE within 5 cm (plane) -1 -2 452770 452800 452830 452860 452890 452920 452950 452980 453010



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sec of week [GPS]





## **Use Cases**

Innovative real-time motion detection for various applications

- Seismology
  - co-seismic displacements and waveforms retrieval
- Early warning systems
  - Natural or man-made hazards (volcanic, earth quake / tsunami, fracking, ...)
  - Safety monitoring for infrastructure elements (railways, highways, etc.) close to potential hazard (landslides, etc.).
- Monitoring
  - Structural and geotechnical engineering monitoring (buildings, skyscrapers, dams, oil platforms etc.);
  - Oscillations monitoring for different type of structures
  - Permanent GNSS network reference station "accident" monitoring...







## VADASE : An innovative solution

Benefits: Simple - Efficient - Reliable - Robust

- Fast, relative displacements at high data rates
- Over short intervals of a few minutes, with high accuracy of ~2-4 cm
- Fully autonomous Stand alone receiver No correction signal needed

Conclusion

- Complement to other GNSS solutions for real time displacement detection, when continuous correction stream cannot be guaranteed
- Addresses potential new customer & applications in research and academia
- Opens potentially new applications in GNSS structural monitoring
- Provides alternate autonomous monitoring for reference stations



