



Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations



**United Nations** Convention to Combat Desertification





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## UNCCD

- UNCCD: United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification
- One of the three Rio Conventions (Biodiversity, Climate Change and Desertification) derived from the 1992 Earth Summit
- The Convention addressing issues related to land and custodian agency for SDG indicator 15.3.1. on land degradation
- Today, there are 197 Parties to the Convention
- The Secretariat's work is mandated by the Convention text and COP decisions

### Decision 26/COP14 on Land Tenure – A landmark decision on tenure

ICCD/COP(14)/23/Add.1

Decision 26/COP.14

Land tenure

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling decisions 5/COP.13, 7/COP.13, 27/COP.13 and 30/COP.13,

Noting the importance of land tenure within the framework of the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification,

Also noting the relevance of the Voluntary Guidelines on the Responsible Governance of Tenure of Land, Fisheries and Forests in the Context of National Food Security, endorsed by the United Nations Committee on World Food Security, to the implementation of the Convention,

Recognizing that tenure rights should take into account the rights of others and matters of public interest that promote general welfare, according to national legislation,

Also recognizing that responsible land governance is a fundamental component of sustainable land management and is important to addressing desertification/land degradation and drought,

Welcoming the work of the Science-Policy Interface on this issue, particularly the technical report on "Creating an Enabling Environment for Land Degradation Neutrality and its potential contribution to enhancing well-being, livelihoods and the environment",

Also welcoming the initiative taken by civil society organizations to promote the discussion of land tenure in the context of the United Nations Convention to Combat Descritification,

Taking note of the Sustainable Development Goal indicators that are relevant to tenure rights to land,

 Encourages the Parties to follow the Voluntary Guidelines on the Responsible Governance of Tenure of Land, Fisheries and Forests in the Context of National Food Security principles, taking into account the principles of implementation, in the implementation of activities to combat desertification/land degradation and drought and achieve land degradation neutrality;

 Invites Parties to review and, where appropriate, adopt national land governance legislation and procedures in order to support sustainable land use and land restoration;

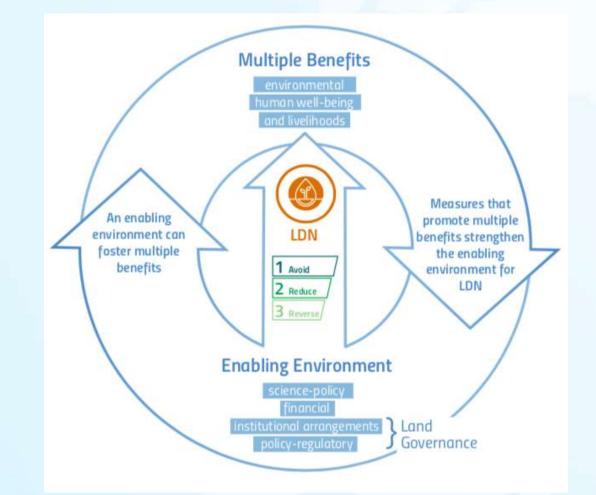
 Encourages Parties to recognize legitimate tenure rights, including customary rights, consistent with the national legal framework;

4. Invites Parties to legally recognize equal use and ownership rights of land for women and the enhancement of women's equal access to land and land tenure security as well as the promotion of gender-sensitive measures to combat descritication/land degradation and drought and achieve land degradation neutrality, taking into account the national context;

 Encourages the Parties to provide effective, timely and affordable access to justice and transparent dispute resolution mechanisms;

"Requests the secretariat and invites the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and other relevant partners to collaborate to produce a technical guide on how to integrate the Voluntary Guidelines on the Responsible Governance of Tenure of Land, Fisheries and Forests in the Context of National Food Security into the implementation of the Convention and land degradation neutrality, taking into account national contexts for consideration by the Conference of the Parties at its fifteenth session"

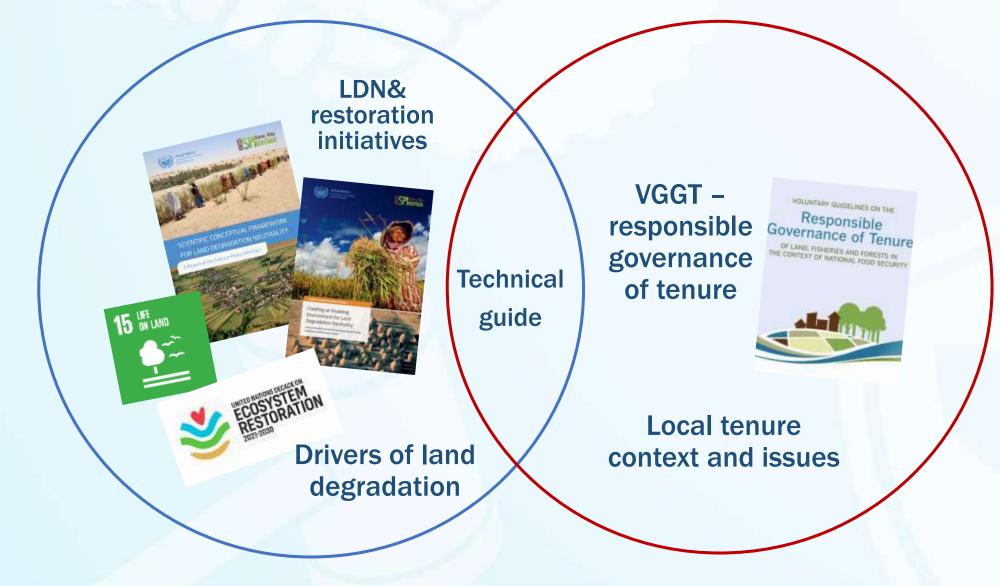
## **LDN – Tenure Nexus: A scientific foundation**



Land tenure governance is an element of the LDN enabling environment

Source: Verburg, P., Metternicht, G., Allen, C., Debonne, N., Akhtar-Schuster, M. Inácio da Cunha, M., Karim, Z., Pilon, A., Raja, O., Sánchez Santivañez, M. & Şenyaz, A. 2019. Creating an Enabling Environment for Land Degradation Neutrality and its Potential Contribution to Enhancing Wellbeing, Livelihoods and the Environment. A Report of the Science-Policy Interface. Bonn. UNCCD.

## Bridging the gap



## The technical guide is designed to be:

#### Voluntary

Includes pathways that are voluntary and can be tailored to the national contexts

#### **Action oriented**

Addresses the "how" questions of implementation by presenting concise and clear actions

## Multiscale in approach

Provides sets of actions both at national and local levels

#### Flexible

- Not all pathways are necessarily relevant to all countries
- The pathways are to be tailored and implemented as per national context

#### Rooted in COP decisions and the VGGT

Pathways are linked to COP decisions and the VGGT text

## Way forward: COP15 Decision 27 on Land Tenure

- Capacity building on the implementation of the technical guide
  - Multistakeholder partnerships
  - Technical support
  - Exploring financial opportunities
- Awareness-raising on responsible land governance for combatting desertification, land degradation and drought
- Exploring global indicators and data on land tenure

# Moving into implementation – the potential role of land administrators and surveyors

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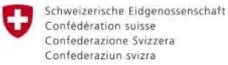


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